Comparison of Feature Extraction Methods for Spike Detection with Artificial Neural Networks: A Focal Epilepsy Case Study

D Yeşilbaş^{1, 2}, S Melnik^{1, 3}, S Rampp⁴, C Kellinghaus⁵, S Kovac⁶, G Möddel⁶, A Güven⁷, T Batbat⁷, C Wolters¹

¹ Institute for and Biosignalanalysis, University of Münster, Münster ² Department of BiomBiomagnetismedical Engineering, Graduate School of Natural and Applied Sciences, Erciyes University, Kayseri

³Institute of Medical Informatics, University of Münster, Münster

⁴University Hospital Erlangen, Erlangen

⁵ Department of Neurology, Klinikum Osnabrück, Osnabrück

- ⁶Epilepsy Center Münster-Osnabrück, Department of Neurology with Institute of
- Translational Neurology, University Hospital Münster, Münster
- ⁷ Department of Biomedical Engineering, Faculty of Engineering, Ercives University, Kayseri

MOTIVATION & METHODS

Refractory Focal Epilepsy

demetyesilbass@gmail.com



epileptiform Interictal discharges must be accurately marked localize the to

ł	
	Manual and Marken and Ma
	- man man man man and man man man man man man and m and man and man an
	Maria and a second





Segmented EEG data	ORmarking Data	ANDmarking Data
Number of Spike-Data	10656	1162
Number of Non-Spike-Data	69198	78692





RESULTS

- The Statistical Features (Mean amplitude value, Amplitude standard deviation , Amplitude kurtosis), Higuchi Fractal Dimention (HFD), Katz Fractal Dimention (KFD), Lyapunov Exponent(LE), The power of the EEG sub-bands (P_alfa, P_beta, P_gamma, P_theta, P_delta) is extracted with the PSD and used as a feature.
- The EEG is represented with new features and classified with ANN and 10-fold cross-validation. The performance of the classifier is determined by accuracy, sensitivity, specificity, precision, f score, Cohen's Kappa Score and geometric mean score(gmean) [12].

FEATURE ORmarking Data FEATURE **ANDmarking Data EXTRACTION** sensitivity specificity precision **EXTRACTION** Cohen's fscore accuracy gmean sensitivity specificity precision f score Cohen's accuracy gmean Карра Карра 0.7208 0.7024 0.7207 0.7398 0.7024 0.7229 0.7208 _ 0.7181 0.7273 0.7094 0.7018 0.7143 0.7172 0.7183 P_gamma+ P_beta 0.6373 0.6754 0.6277 0.6372 0.6361 0.5991 0.6507 LE 0.8972 0.8943 0.8807 0.9068 0.8889 0.8939 0.8937 P_alfa, P_beta, HFD 0.7358 0.6544 0.8167 0.7800 0.7117 0.7357 0.7311 0.9071 0.9083 0.9060 0.9060 0.9041 0.9071 0.9067 P_gamma, P alfa, P beta, P_theta,P_delta 0.9251 0.9189 0.9310 0.9273 0.9231 0.9248 0.9250 P_gamma, 0.7160 0.7269 0.7266 0.7271 0.7164 0.7369 0.7155 P_theta,P_delta HFD **Statistical Features** 0.9292 0.9252 0.9328 0.9252 0.9252 0.9290 0.9289 LE 0.7536 0.7447 0.7630 0.7409 0.7518 0.7535 0.7538 P_gamma+ P_beta 0.9381 0.9626 0.9160 0.9115 0.9364 0.9378 0.9390 **Statistical Features** 0.7995 0.8001 0.7796 0.8199 0.8073 0.7932 0.8000 **KFD+ LE+Statistical** KFD 0.9690 0.9558 0.9823 0.9818 0.9689 0.9686 0.9689 Features+P_gamma+ 0.8756 0.9185 0.8346 0.8418 0.8785 0.8756 0.8755 P_beta **KFD+ HFD** 0.9735 0.9825 0.9643 0.9655 0.9739 0.9733 0.9733 KFD 0.8799 0.9493 0.8129 0.830 0.8858 0.8798 0.8785 **KFD+ Statistical** 0.9823 0.9825 0.9821 0.9825 0.9825 0.9822 0.9823 **KFD+ LE+Statistical** 0.9203 0.8560 0.8870 0.8812 0.8813 0.8413 0.8799 Features KFD+ LE+Statistical Features 0.9823 0.9815 0.9831 0.9815 0.9815 0.9822 0.9823 Features +P_gamma+ KFD + Statistical 0.8822 0.9198 0.8545 0.8860 0.8822 0.8450 0.8816 P_beta **Features**

Tables show performance Metrics Results for ORmarking Data and ANDmarking data



REFERENCES

- Well-trained ANN can even outperform the sensitivity and specificity of expert markers.
- ANN classification improved by feature extraction methods.
- Katz FD best represented the spikes for both ANDmarking and Ormarking data.
- Limitations: Only one person's data was classified. Its general use is restricted.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This work was supported by the Bundesministerium für Gesundheit (BMG) as project ZMI1-2521FSB006, under the frame of ERA PerMed as project ERAPERMED2020-227 PerEpi. We thank Andreas Wollbrink and Christian Glatz for technical assistance and Luca-J. Bombardelli, Juliana Gericks, Gabriele Kemper, and Pia Wenge for their help with data collection.



- 1. Antonakakis, M., Kaiser, F., Rampp, S., Kovac, S., Wiendl, H., Stummer, W., Gross, J., Kellinghaus, C., Khaleghi-Ghadiri, M., Möddel, G., and Wolters, C.H. (2023). "Targeted and optimized multi-channel transcranial direct current stimulation for focal epilepsy: An N-of-1 trial." medRxiv. (2023). doi:10.1101/2023.09.05.23295060
- Brown III, M. W., B. E. Porter, D. J. Dlugos, J. Keating, A. B. Gardner, P. B. Storm Jr and E. D. Marsh (2007). "Comparison of novel computer detectors and human performance for spike detection in intracranial EEG." Clinical neurophysiology 118(8): 1744-1752.
- Dao, N. T. A., N. V. Dung, N. L. Trung and K. Abed-Meraim (2020). "Multi-channel EEG epileptic spike detection by a new method of tensor decomposition." Journal of Neural Engineering 17(1): 016023.
- 4. Tjepkema-Cloostermans, M.C., R.C. de Carvalho, and M.J. van Putten, Deep learning for detection of focal epileptiform discharges from scalp EEG recordings. Clinical neurophysiology, 2018. 129(10): p. 2191-2196.
- 5. Wilson, S. B., Turner, C. A., Emerson, R. G., & Scheuer, M. L. (1999). Spike detection II: automatic, perception-based detection and clustering. Clinical neurophysiology, 110(3), 404-411.
- 6. Jiang, L., J. He, H. Pan, D. Wu, T. Jiang and J. Liu (2023). "Seizure detection algorithm based on improved functional brain network structure feature extraction." Biomedical Signal Processing and Control 79: 104053.
- Jenke, R., Peer, A., & Buss, M. (2014). Feature extraction and selection for emotion recognition from EEG. IEEE Transactions on Affective computing, 5(3), 327-339.
- 8. Wijayanto, I., R. Hartanto and H. A. Nugroho (2019). Higuchi and katz fractal dimension for detecting interictal and ictal state in electroencephalogram signal. 2019 11th International Conference on Information Technology and Electrical Engineering (ICITEE), IEEE.
- 9. Iasemidis, L. D., Chris Sackellares, J., Zaveri, H. P., & Williams, W. J. (1990). Phase space topography and the Lyapunov exponent of electrocorticograms in partial seizures. Brain topography, 2, 187-201.
- 10. Tzallas, A. T., Tsipouras, M. G., & Fotiadis, D. I. (2009). Epileptic seizure detection in EEGs using time–frequency analysis. IEEE transactions on information technology in biomedicine, 13(5), 703-710.
- Kumar, Y., M. Dewal and R. S. Anand (2014). "Epileptic seizures detection in EEG using DWT-based ApEn and artificial neural network." Signal, Image and Video Processing 8: 1323-1334.
- Rácz, A., Bajusz, D., & Héberger, K. (2019). Multi-level comparison of machine learning classifiers and their performance metrics. Molecules, 24(15), 2811.