

Comments on Midterm #1



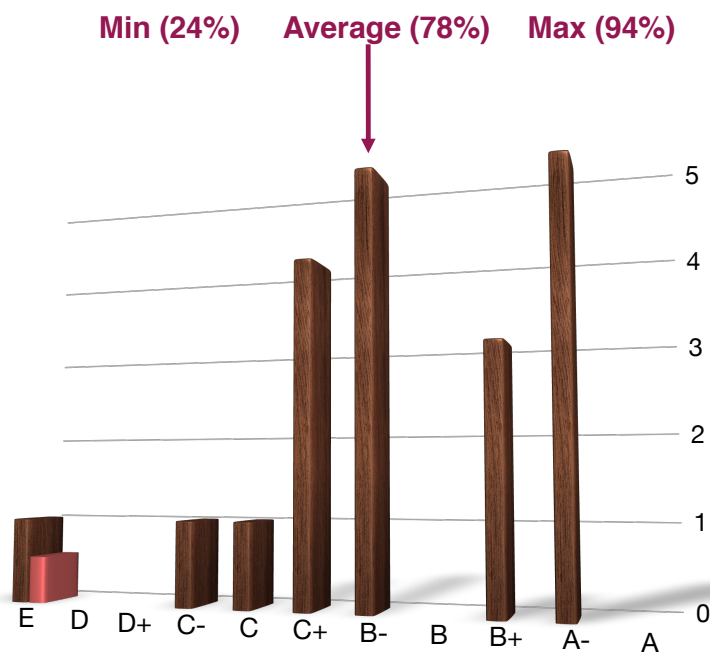
Midterm #1

Bioengineering 6000 CV Physiology

Results

UGs Average: 82%
Grads Average: 76%

- E 0%
- D 50%
- D+ 55%
- C- 60%
- C 65%
- C+ 70%
- B- 75%
- B 80%
- B+ 85%
- A- 90%
- A 95%

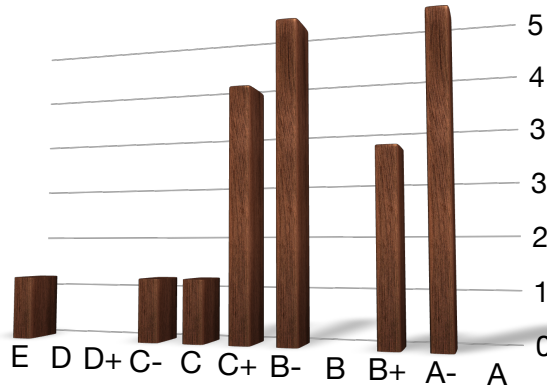


Midterm #1

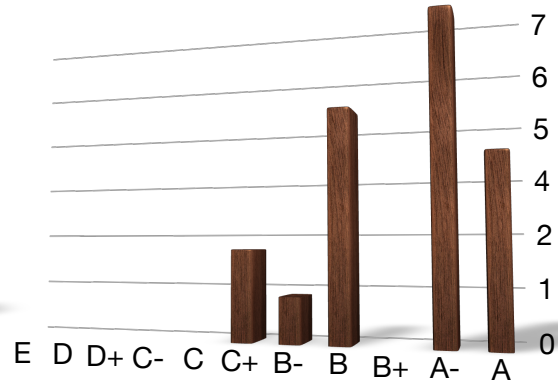
Bioengineering 6000 CV Physiology

Results

2014 Results



2013 Results



Midterm #1

Bioengineering 6000 CV Physiology

True/False I

- 1. True
 - Cause of structure is usually impossible to prove.
- 2. False
 - There are many different electrode sizes
- 3. False
 - Goldman-Hodgkin-Katz equation needed to predict resting potential; the key is permeabilities.
- 4. False
 - Ion specific ($V_m - V_{eq}$)
- 5. False
 - There are MANY different K channels



Midterm #1

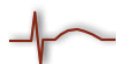
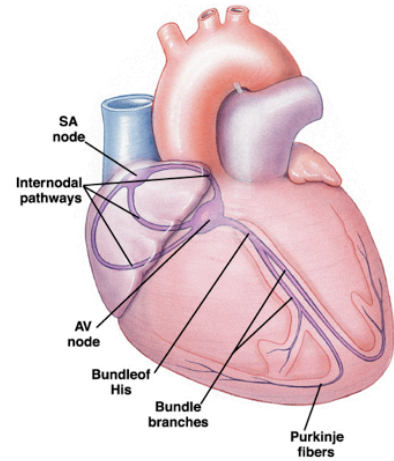
Bioengineering 6000 CV Physiology

True/False II

- 6. True
 - Local sensitivity and noise insensitive
- 7. True
 - See diagram

Electrophysiology of the Whole Heart

- Specialized Conduction system
 - sinoatrial (SA) Node
 - atrioventricular (AV) node
 - Purkinje system
- Pacemaker functions
 - SA Node
 - AV Node
 - Purkinje Fibers
- The Electrocardiogram (ECG)



Midterm #1

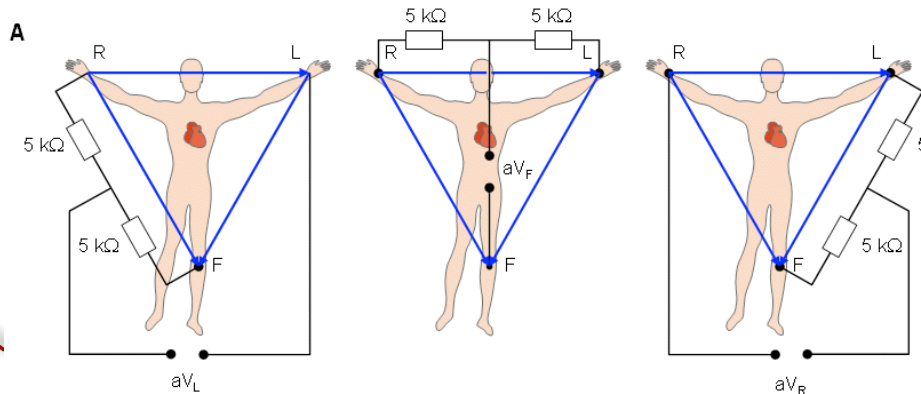
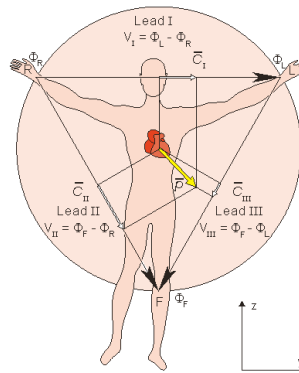
Cardiac Tissue

Bioengineering 6000 CV Physiology

Bioengineering 6000 CV Physiology

True/False III

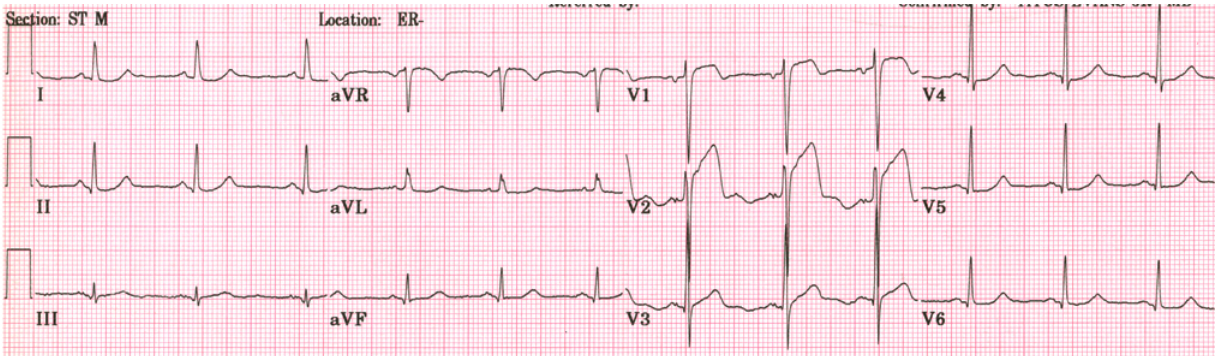
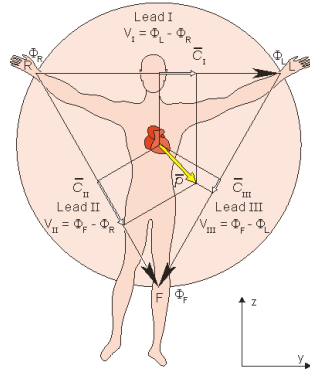
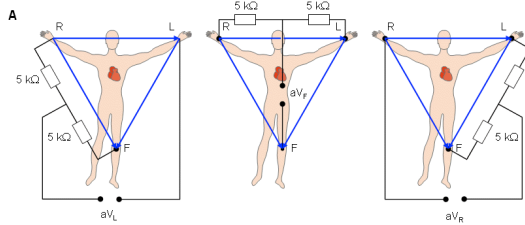
- 8. True
 - Limb leads + Augmented Leads



0 CV Physiology

True/False III

- 8. True
 - Limb leads + Augmented Leads

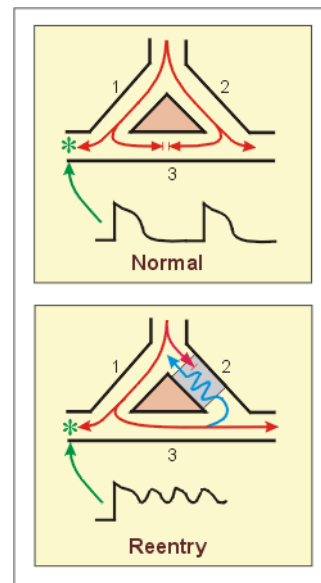


Midterm #1

Bioengineering 6000 CV Physiology

Arrhythmias

- Substrate
 - Abnormal tissue that might sustain reentry
 - Sustained ectopic focus
- Triggers
 - Single ectopic focus
 - Premature contraction



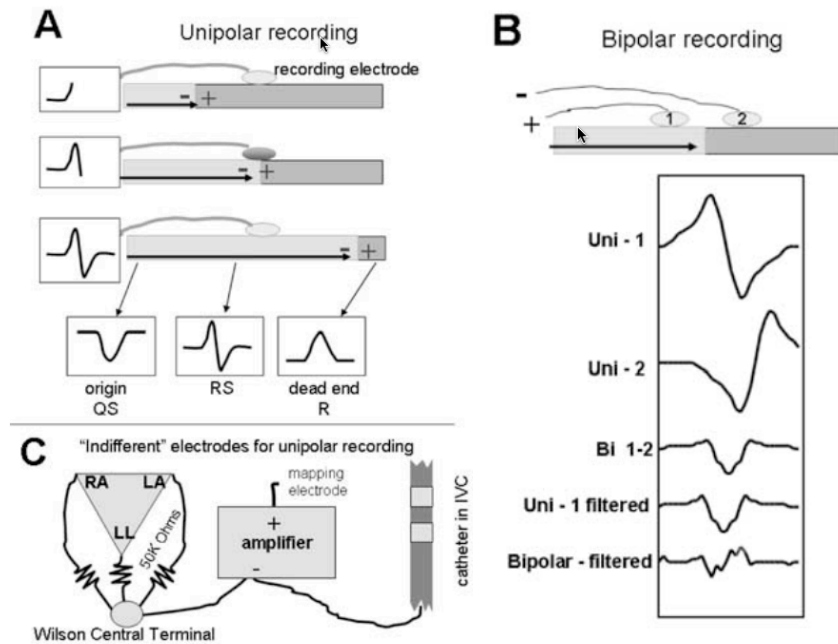
Carried but different ions (i.e., not just Na^+)

Midterm #1

Bioengineering 6000 CV Physiology

Unipolar vs. Bipolar

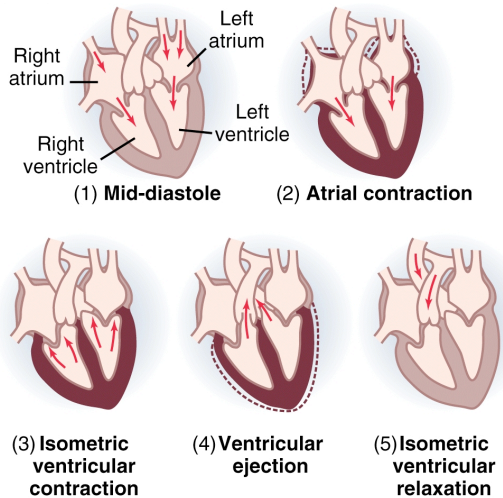
- Refers to “electrograms” from the heart
- Answer questions explicitly, by section:
 - a) How measurements made
 - b) Sensitivity
 - local vs. global
 - c) Applications
 - timing vs. source activity



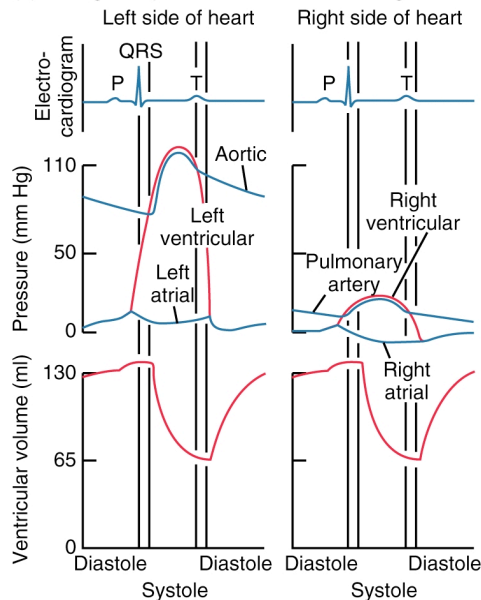
Midterm #1

Bioengineering 6000 CV Physiology

Differences in Valve Types



(a) Changes in pressure and volume during heartbeat



Which valves are mostly open vs. mostly closed?
 Are valves open under the same pressure conditions?

Midterm #1

Bioengineering 6000 CV Physiology

Take Home Messages

- True/False Questions
 - No substitute for hard work: cover all the material
 - Read and think carefully before answering
 - Write only what is relevant
- Essay Questions
 - Pay attention to what is asked
 - Make sure to cover descriptive phase of the question
 - Emphasize mechanisms
 - Back up conclusions or speculations; it is more important to make sense than to be correct
 - Use diagrams!!!
 - Give yourself space on paper!

