

Geometric Transformations and Image Warping: Mosaicing

CS 6640

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(with slides from: Jinxiang Chai, TAMU)

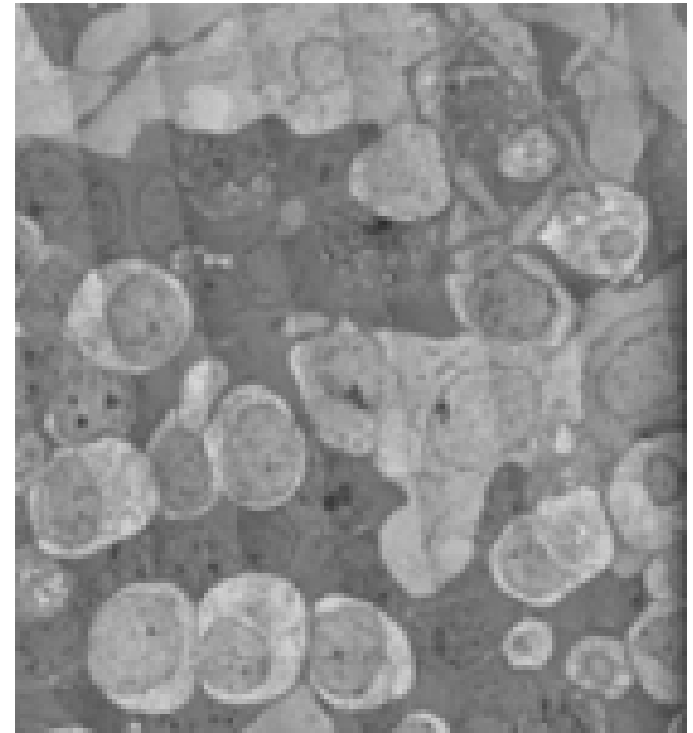
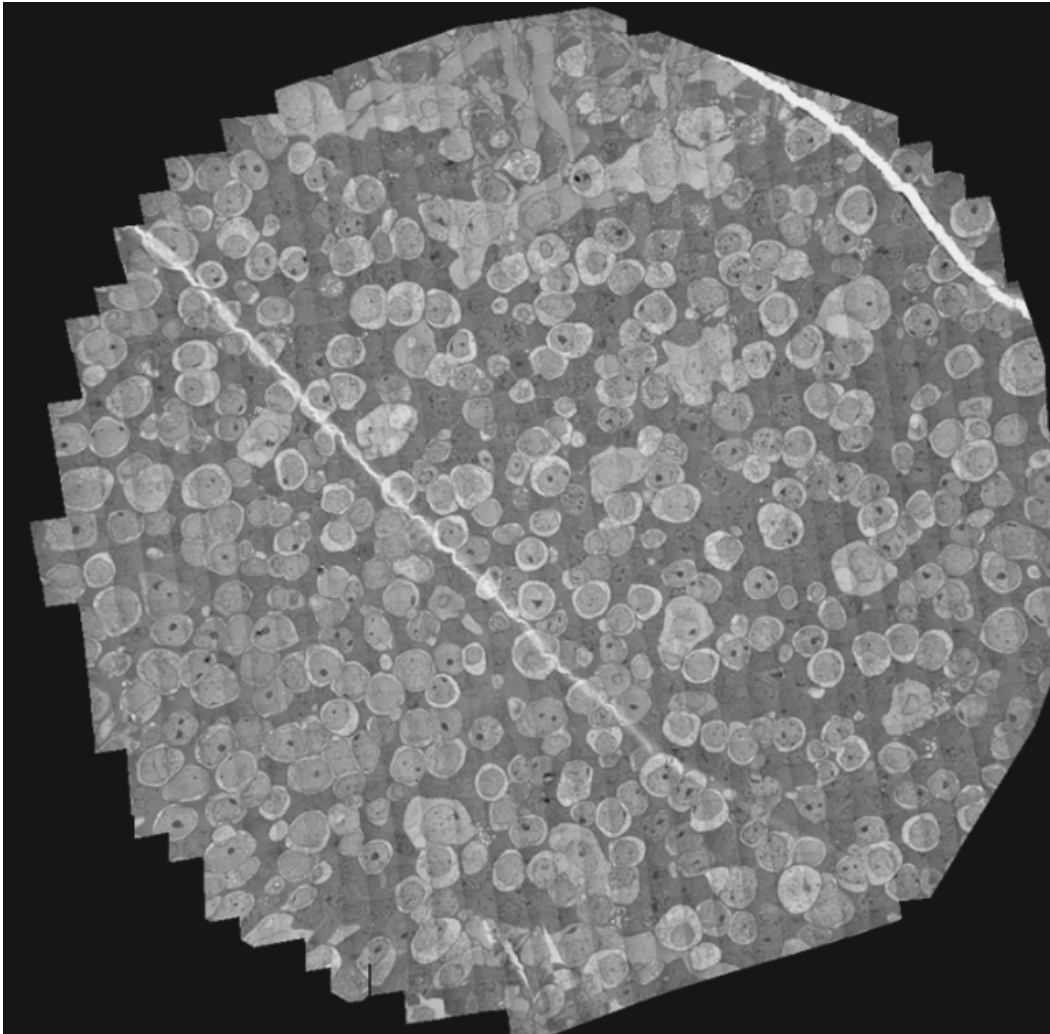
faculty.cs.tamu.edu/jchai/cpsc641_spring10/lectures/lecture8.ppt

Applications



Saint-Guénolé Church of Batz-sur-Mer Equirectangular 360° by Vincent Montibus

Microscopy (Morane Eye Inst, UofU, T. Tasdizen et al.)





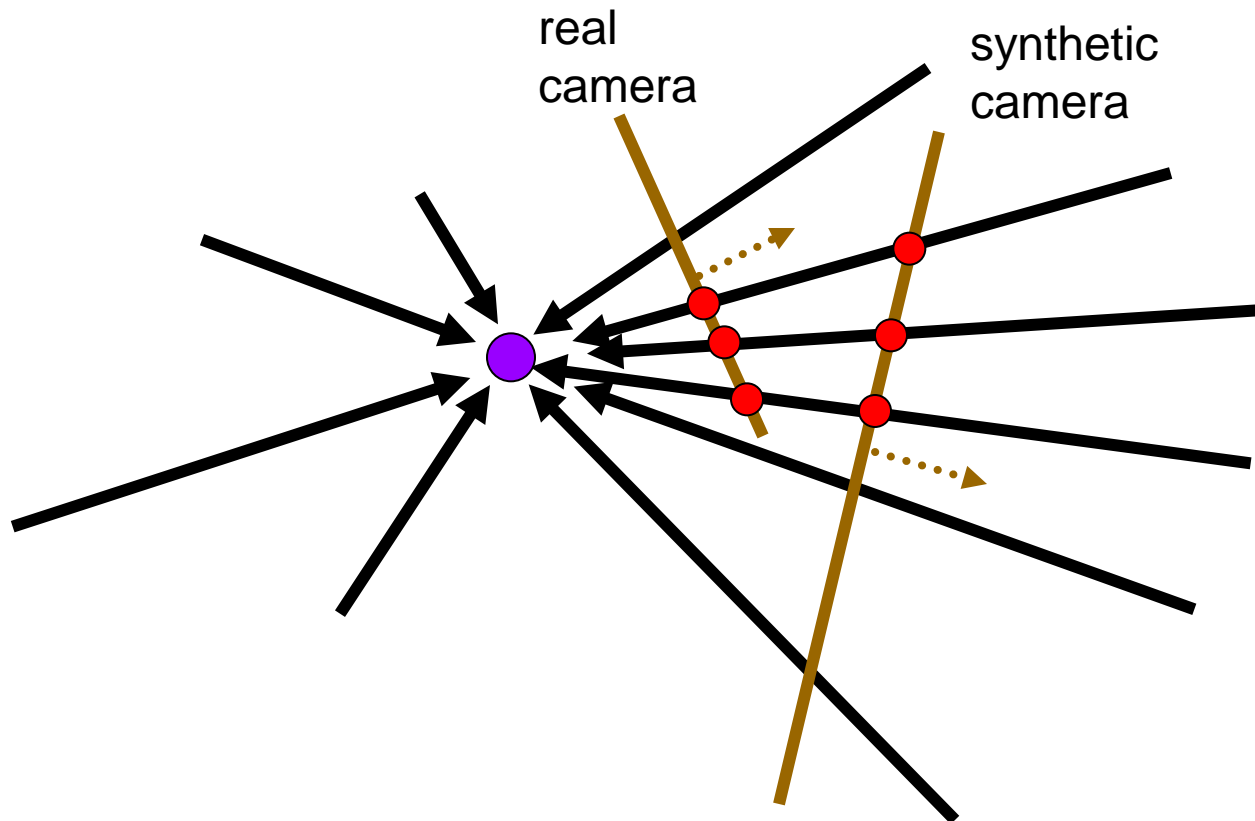
Mosaic Procedure

Basic Procedure

- Take a sequence of images from the same position
 - Rotate the camera about its optical center
- Compute transformation between second image and first
- Transform the second image to overlap with the first
- Blend the two together to create a mosaic
- If there are more images, repeat

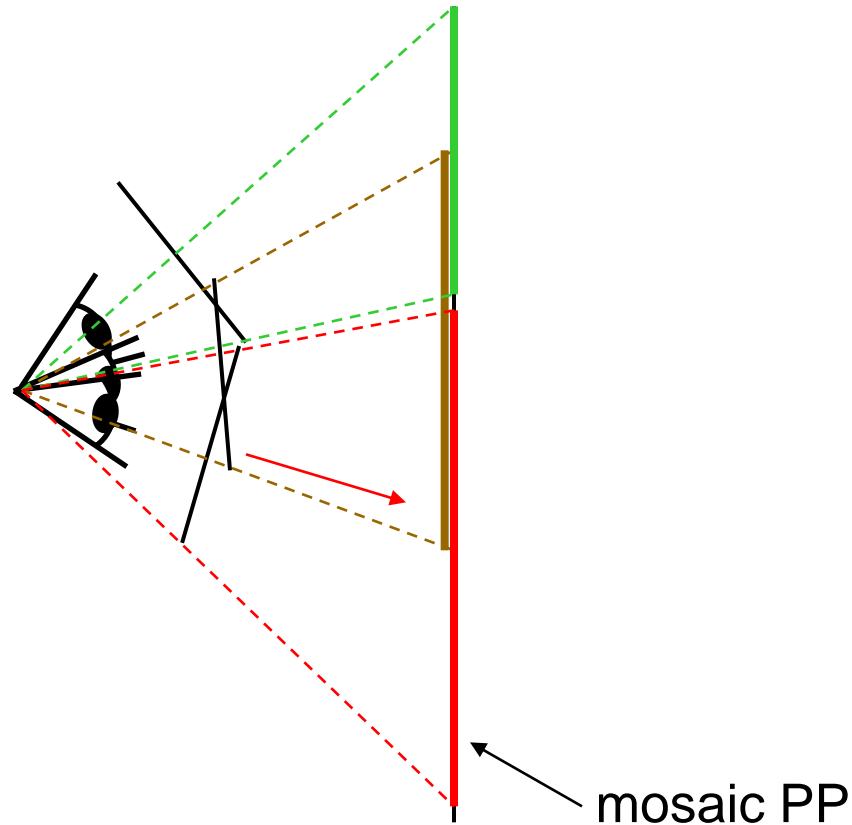
Image Mosaic

Is a pencil of rays contains all views



Can generate any synthetic camera view
as long as it has **the same center of projection!**

Image Re-projection



The mosaic has a natural interpretation in 3D

- The images are reprojected onto a common plane
- The mosaic is formed on this plane
- Mosaic is a *synthetic wide-angle camera*

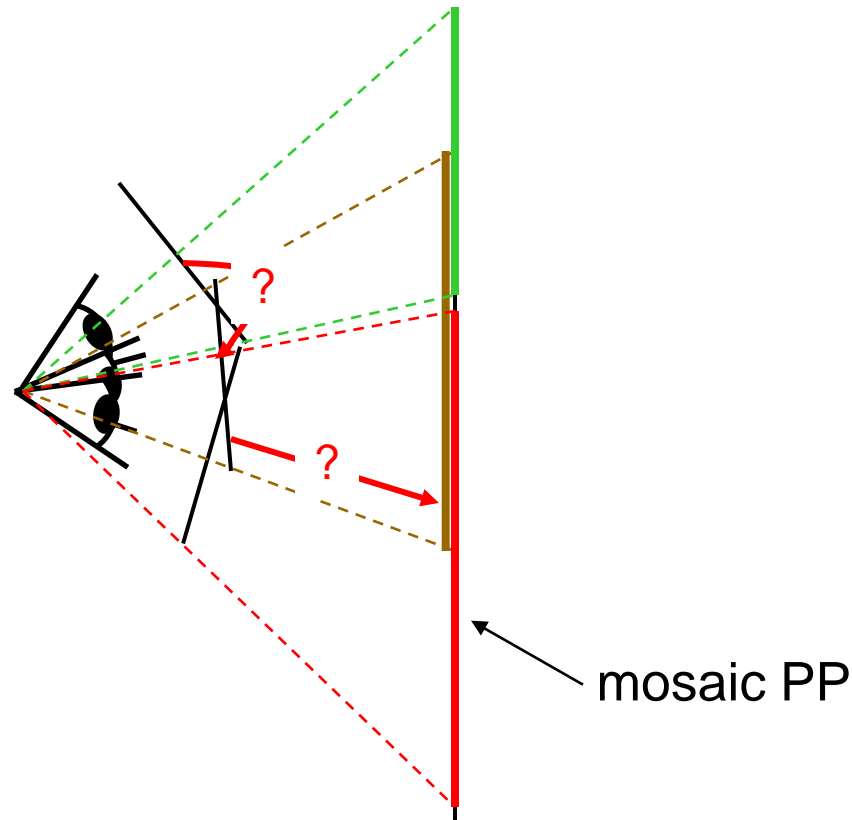
Issues in Image Mosaic

How to relate two images from the same camera center?

- image registration

How to re-project images to a common plane?

- image warping



3D Perspective and Projection

- Camera model

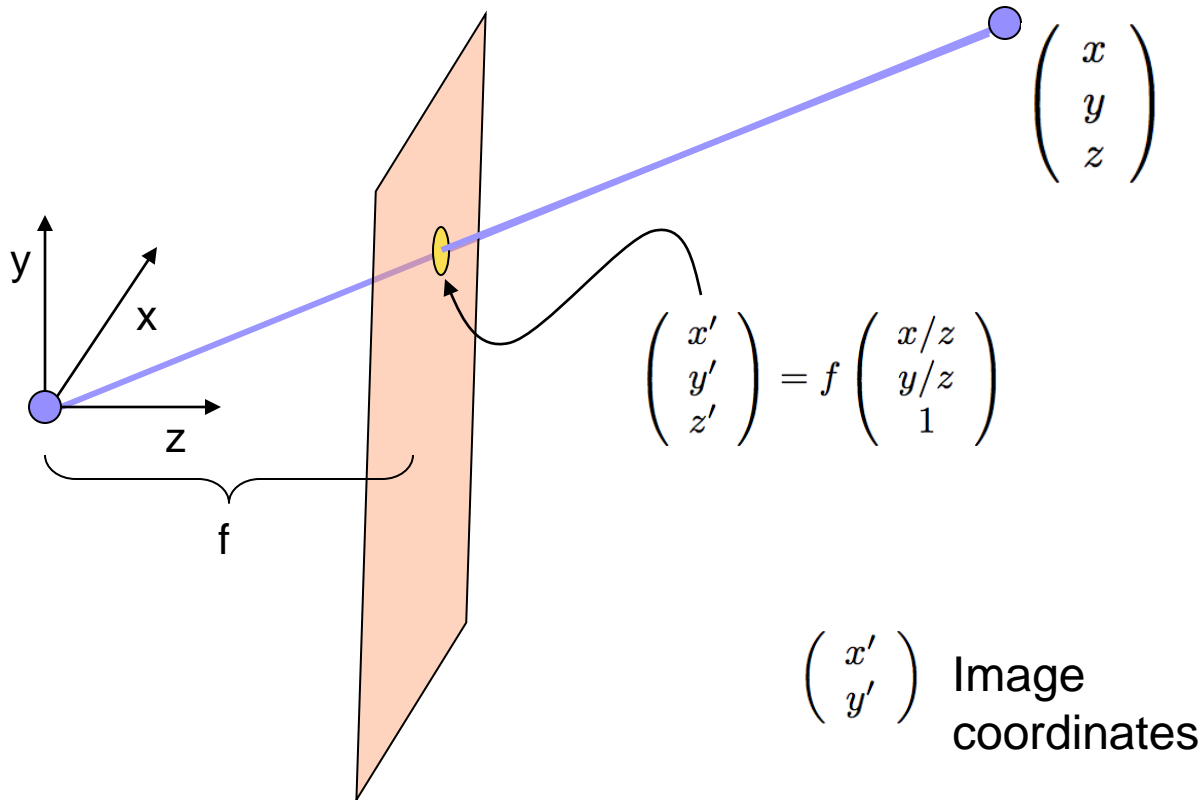
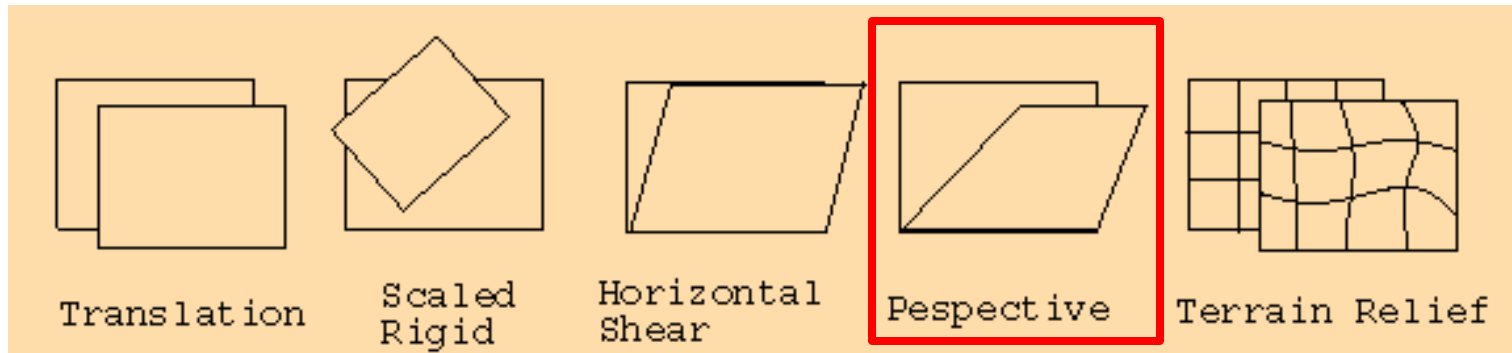


Image Homologies

- Images taken under cases 1,2 are perspectively equivalent to within a linear transformation
 - Projective relationships – equivalence is

$$\begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{pmatrix} \equiv \begin{pmatrix} d \\ e \\ f \end{pmatrix} \iff \begin{pmatrix} a/c \\ b/c \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} d/f \\ e/f \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Transformations



$$\begin{pmatrix} X' \\ Y' \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

affine

$$\begin{pmatrix} X' \\ Y' \\ W \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

New image coordinates can be found as $x' = X'/W$, $y' = Y'/W$

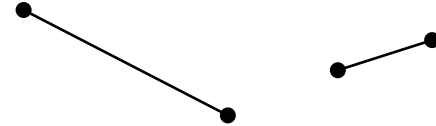
x' , y' : homographies

Materials

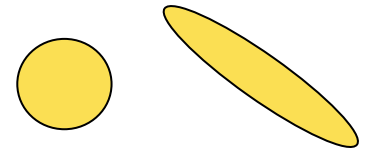
- *Excellent material to derive homography matrix:*
 - www.cs.toronto.edu/~jepson/csc2503/tutorial2.pdf
 - www.cs.toronto.edu/pub/jepson/teaching/vision/2503/tutorial2.pdf

Perspective Projection Properties

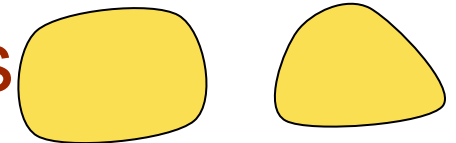
- Lines to lines (linear)



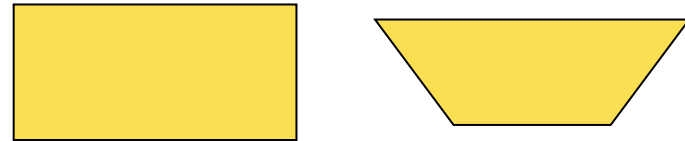
- Conic sections to conic sections



- Convex shapes to convex shapes



- Foreshortening



Transforming Images To Make Mosaics

Linear transformation with matrix P

$$\bar{x}^* = P\bar{x} \quad P = \begin{pmatrix} p_{11} & p_{12} & p_{13} \\ p_{21} & p_{22} & p_{23} \\ p_{31} & p_{32} & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{aligned} x^* &= p_{11}x + p_{12}y + p_{13} \\ y^* &= p_{21}x + p_{22}y + p_{23} \\ z^* &= p_{31}x + p_{32}y + 1 \end{aligned}$$

Perspective equivalence

Multiply by denominator and reorganize terms

$$x' = \frac{p_{11}x + p_{12}y + p_{13}}{p_{31}x + p_{32}y + 1}$$

$$p_{31}xx' + p_{32}yx' - p_{11}x - p_{12}y - p_{13} = -x'$$

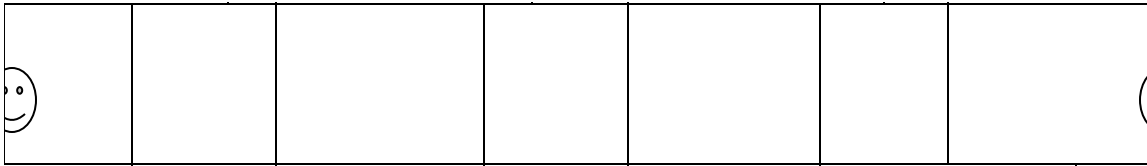
$$y' = \frac{p_{21}x + p_{22}y + p_{23}}{p_{31}x + p_{32}y + 1}$$

$$p_{31}xy' + p_{32}yy' - p_{21}x - p_{22}y - p_{23} = -y'$$

Linear system, solve for P

$$\begin{pmatrix} -x_1 & -y_1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & x_1x'_1 & y_1x'_1 \\ -x_2 & -y_2 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & x_2x'_2 & y_2x'_2 \\ & & & \vdots & & & & \\ -x_N & -y_N & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & x_Nx'_N & y_Nx'_N \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -x_1 & -y_1 & -1 & x_1y'_1 & y_1y'_1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -x_2 & -y_2 & -1 & x_2y'_2 & y_2y'_2 \\ & & & \vdots & & & & \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -x_N & -y_N & -1 & x_Ny'_N & y_Ny'_N \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} p_{11} \\ p_{12} \\ p_{13} \\ p_{21} \\ p_{23} \\ p_{23} \\ p_{31} \\ p_{32} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -x'_1 \\ -x'_2 \\ \vdots \\ -x'_N \\ -y'_1 \\ -y'_2 \\ \vdots \\ -y'_N \end{pmatrix}$$

Image Stitching



Stitch pairs together, blend, then crop

Image Stitching

A big image stitched from 5 small images

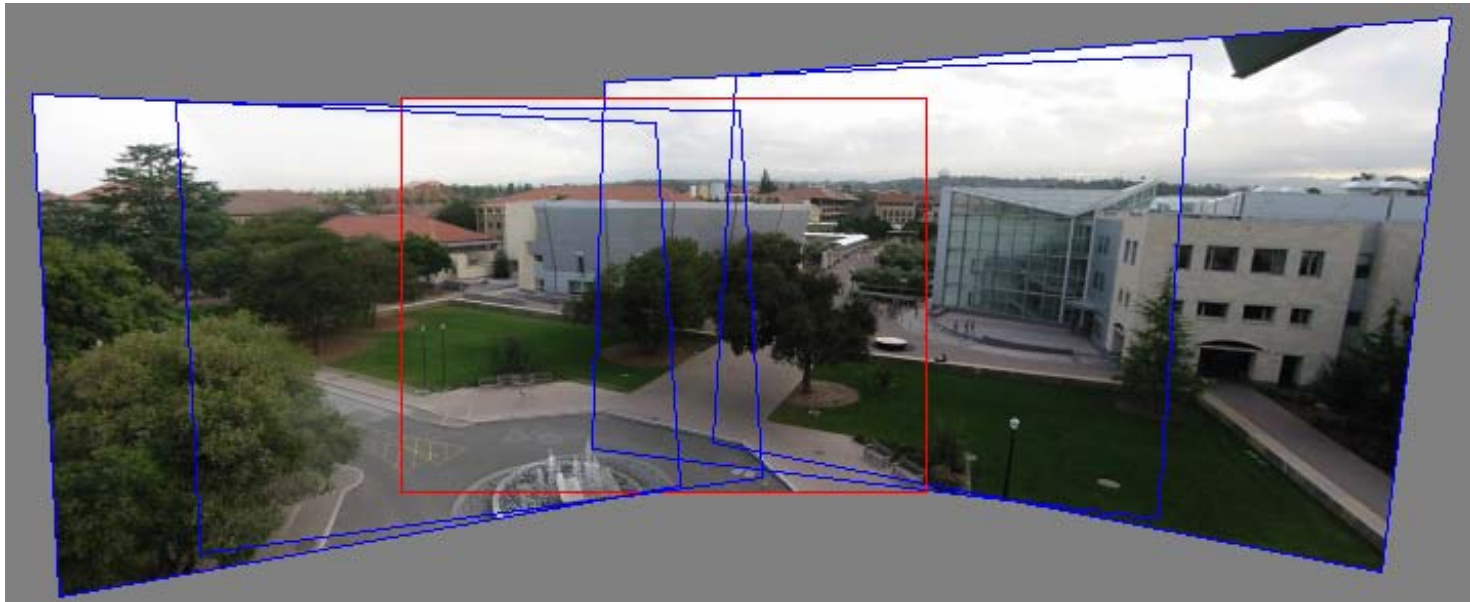


Image Mosaicing



4 Correspondences



5 Correspondences



6 Correspondences



Mosaicing Issues

- Need a canvas (adjust coordinates/origin)
- Blending at edges of images (avoid sharp transitions)
- Adjusting brightnesses
- Cascading transformations

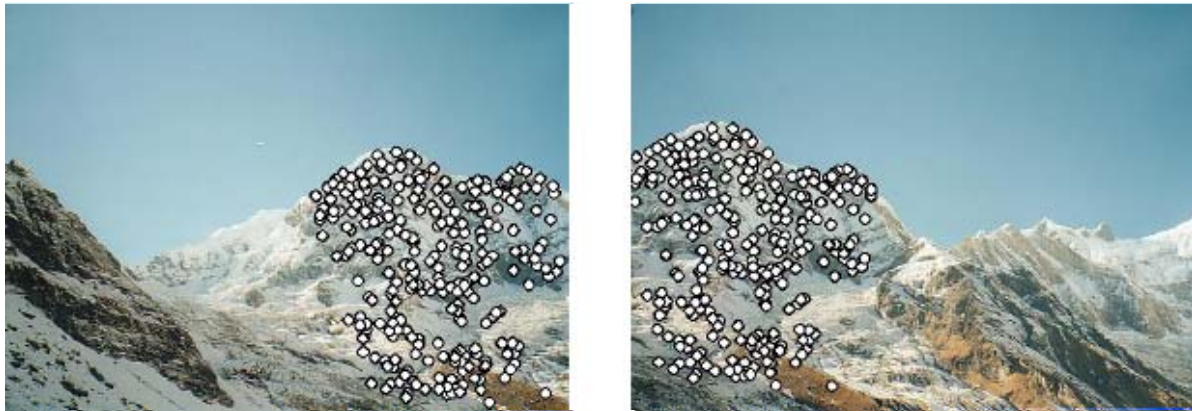
Recognizing panoramas

- A fully automatic 2D image stitcher system



Recognizing panoramas

- A fully automatic 2D image stitcher system



- Image matching with SIFT features
- For every image, find the M best images with RANSAC
- Form a graph and find connected component in the graph
- Stitching and blending.

Automatic Solutions

Intensity Based Image Mosaicing

- Transformation:

$$x'_i = \frac{m_0 x_i + m_1 y_i + m_2}{m_6 x_i + m_7 y_i + 1}$$

$$y'_i = \frac{m_3 x_i + m_4 y_i + m_5}{m_6 x_i + m_7 y_i + 1}$$

- **Problem:** Determining the transformation parameters m_i between every two adjacent images, in order to merge the set of images into a single complete image.
- **Idea:** to choose the parameters m_i such that the sum of squared difference between all pixels between the two images is minimized

$$E = \sum_i [I'(x'_i, y'_i) - I(x_i, y_i)]^2 = \sum_i e_i^2$$

- Non-linear minimization, e.g. by Levenberg Marquardt algorithm
- **See:** <http://www.umiacs.umd.edu/~hismail/Mosaic/node2.html#SECTION00020000000000000000>