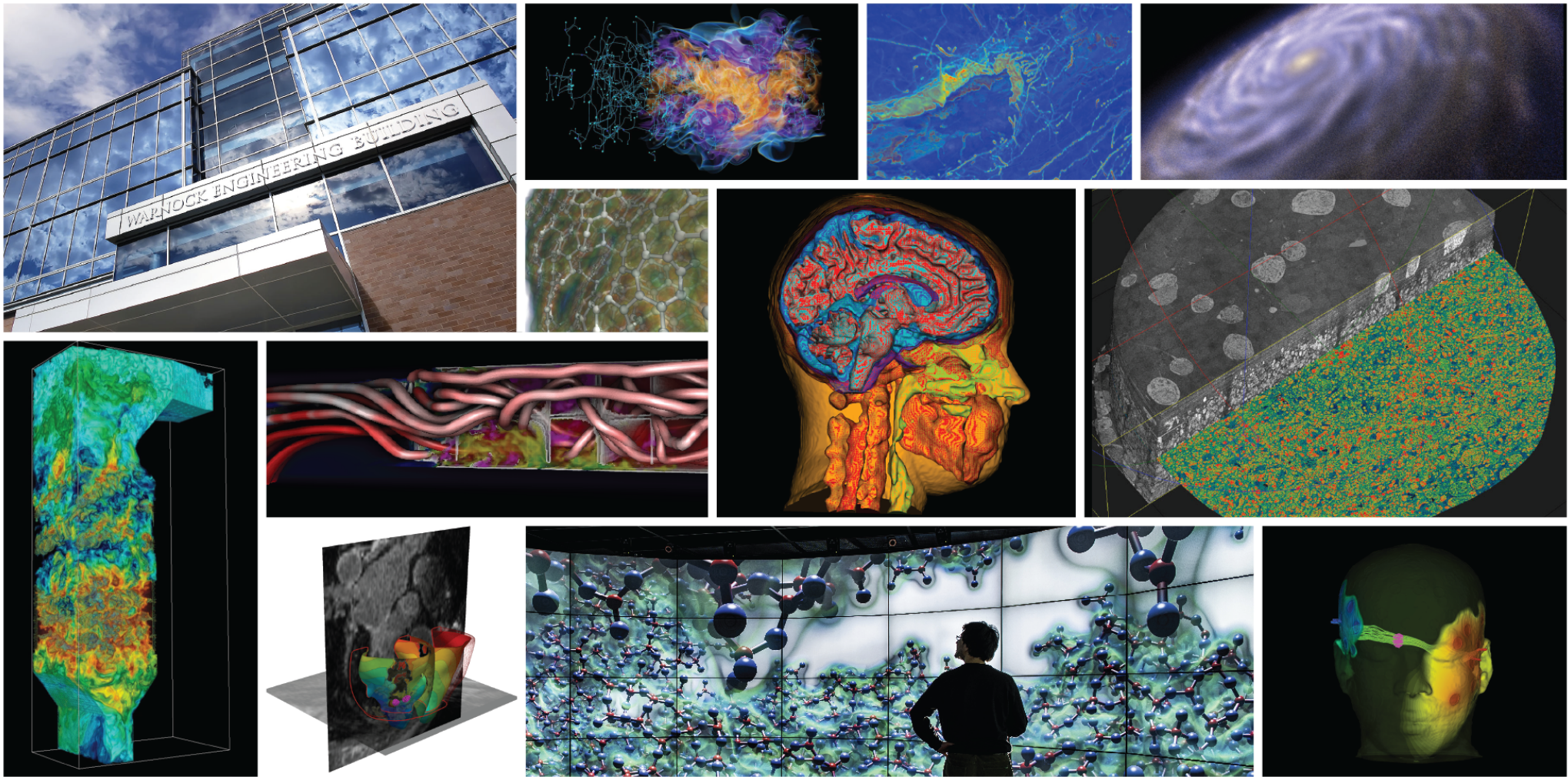
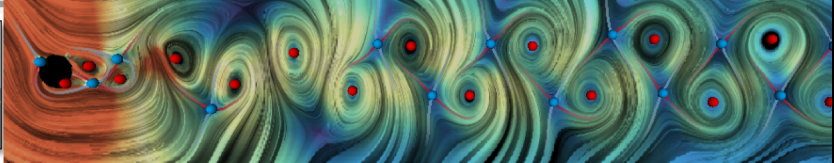
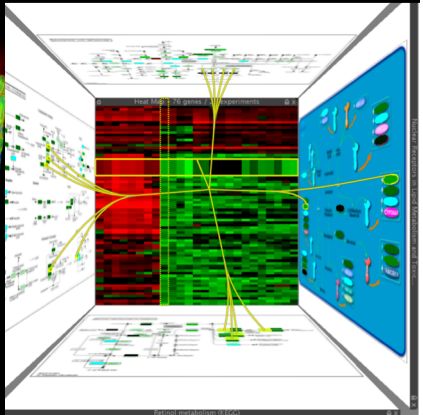
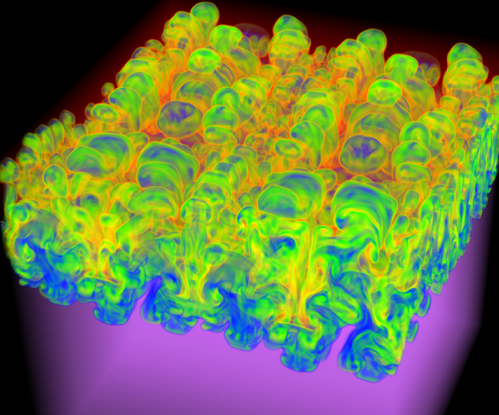
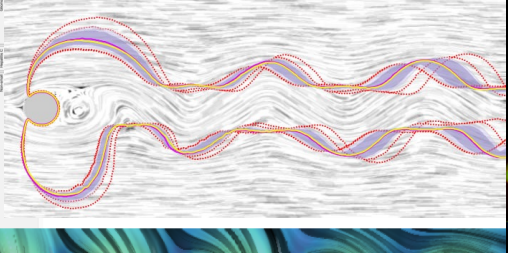
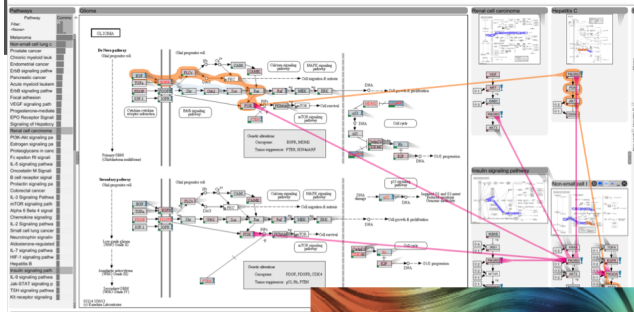
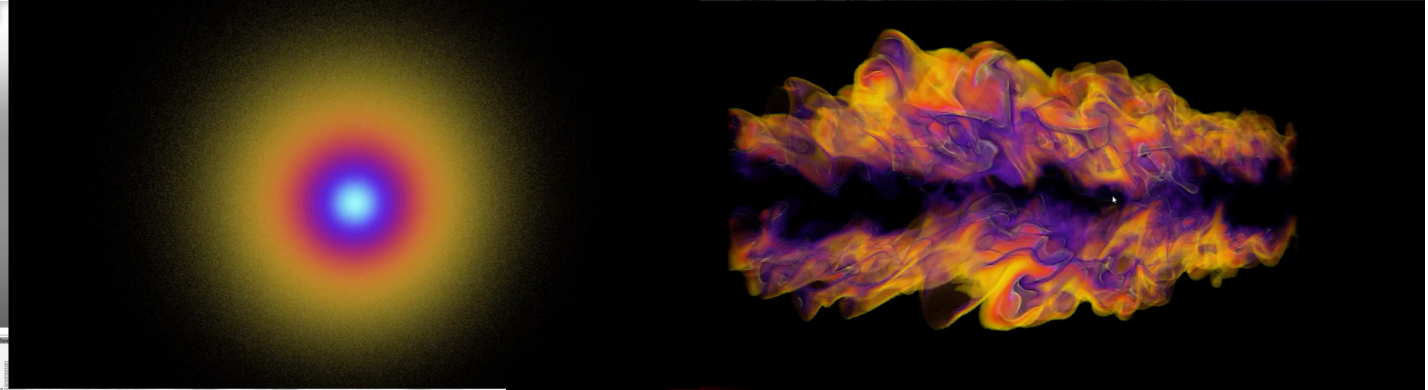
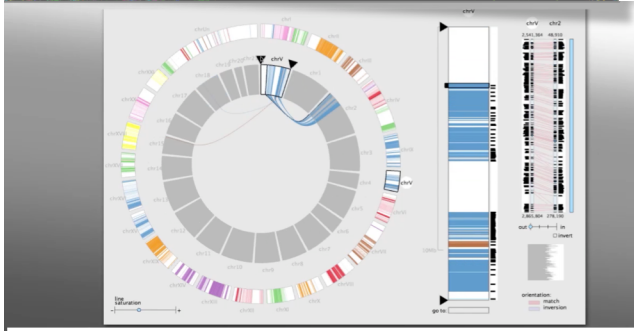
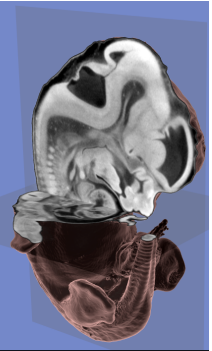
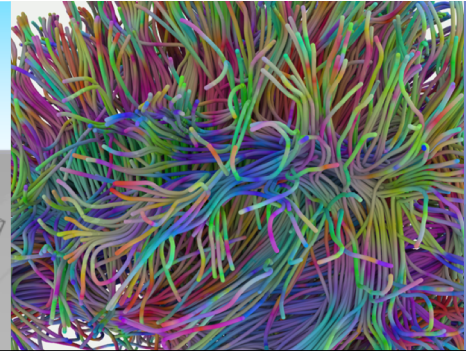
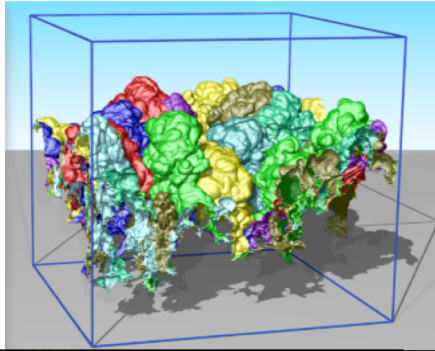
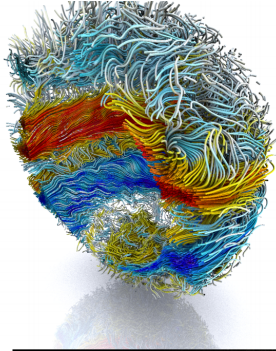
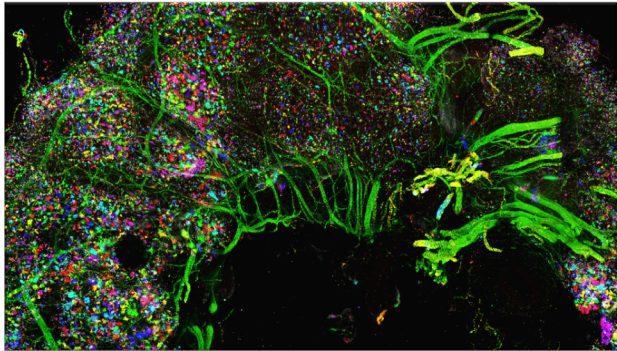


Visual Analysis Challenges in the Age of Data





Large-Scale Visualization Challenges

Analysis

Scalability

Users and Usability



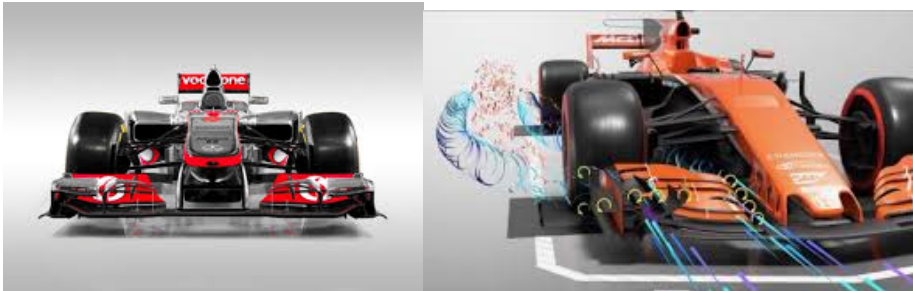
Large-Scale Visualization Challenges

Analysis

- High Order Simulation
- Uncertainty Quantification and Visualization
- Topological Data Analysis

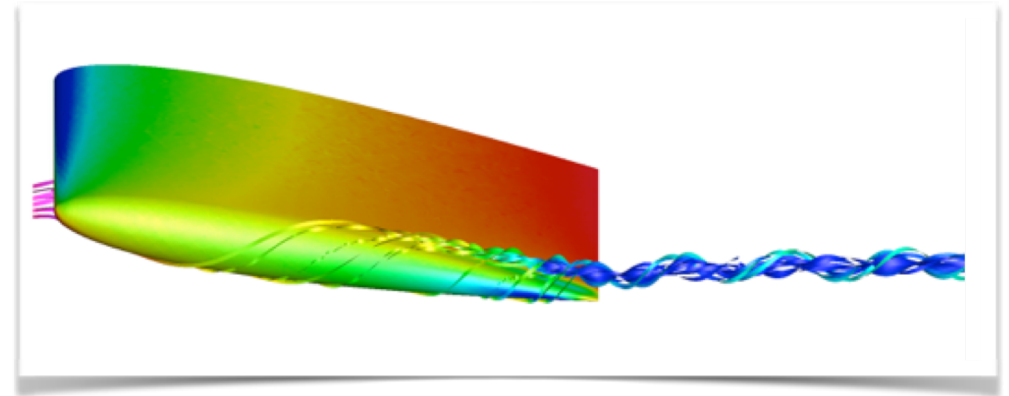
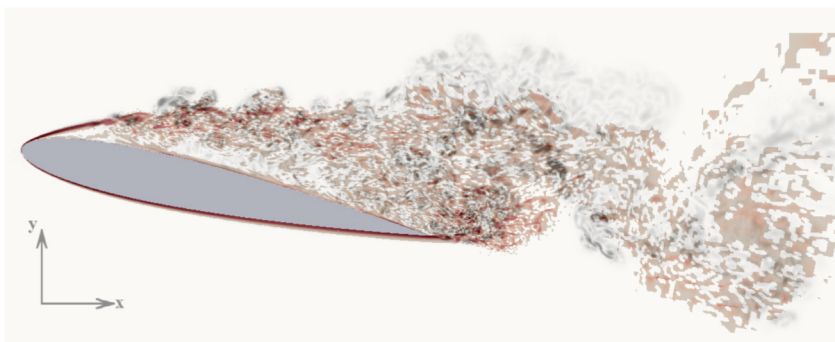


Formula-1 Racing & Simulation



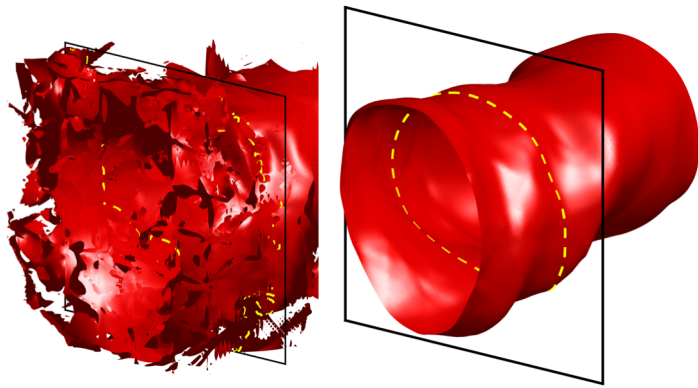
Nektar++: an open-source scalable C++ software library for high-order Finite Element methods.

See: www.nektar.info



Mike Kirby and Spencer Sherwin

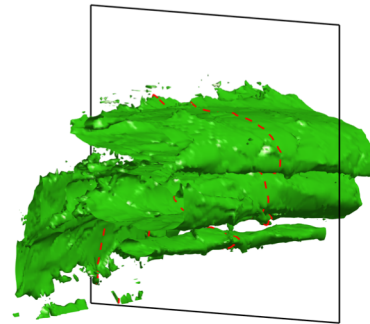
Filtering for High-Order FEM Visualization



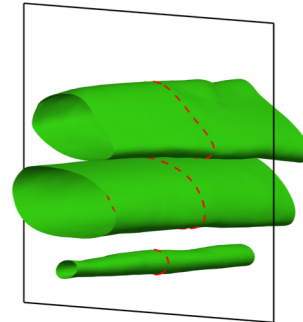
FEM Vorticity

LSIAC Filtered
Vorticity

Counter-Rotating Vortex Vorticity



Sampled

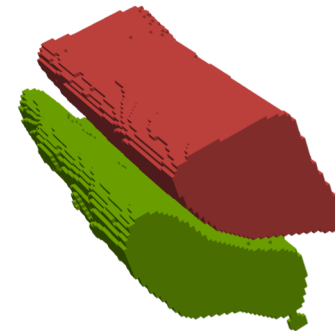


LSIAC Filtered

Topological Analysis of Fields

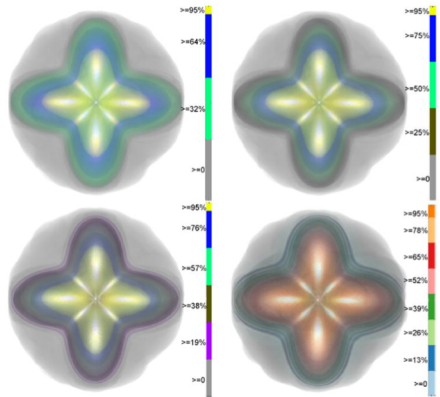


Sampled

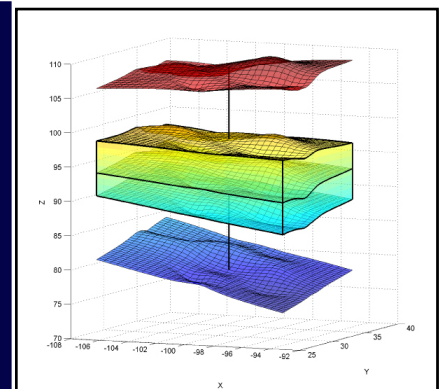
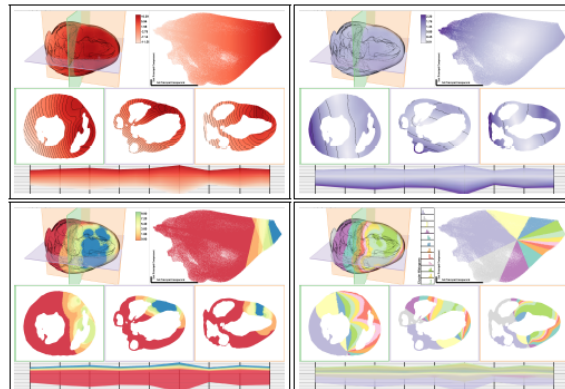
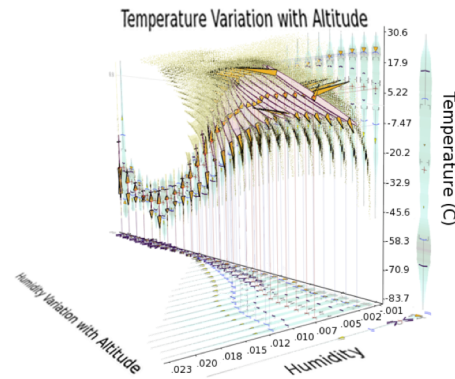
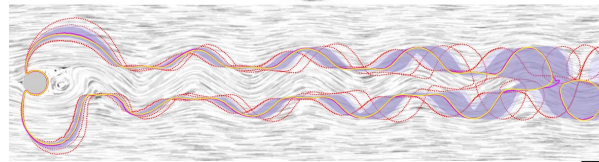
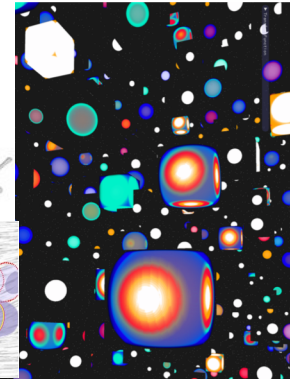
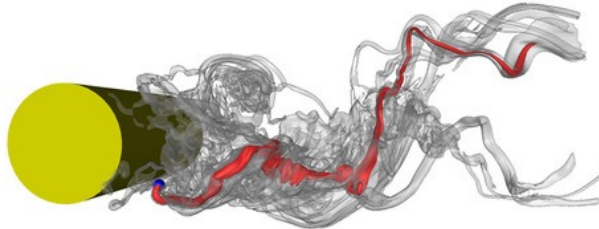


LSIAC Filtered

Uncertainty Visualization



When is the last time you've seen an error bar on an isosurface?



G.P. Bonneau, H.C. Hege, C.R. Johnson, M.M. Oliveira, K. Potter, P. Rheingans, T. Schultz. "Overview and State-of-the-Art of Uncertainty Visualization," In *Scientific Visualization: Uncertainty, Multifield, Biomedical, and Scalable Visualization*, Edited by M. Chen and H. Hagen and C.D. Hansen and C.R. Johnson and A. Kauffman, Springer-Verlag, pp. 3-27. 2014.

M.G. Genton, C.R. Johnson, K. Potter, G. Stenchikov, Y. Sun. "Surface boxplots," In *Stat Journal*, Vol. 3, No. 1, pp. 1-11. 2014.

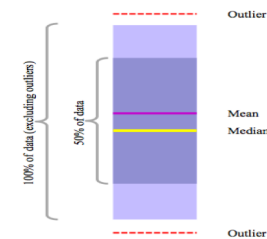
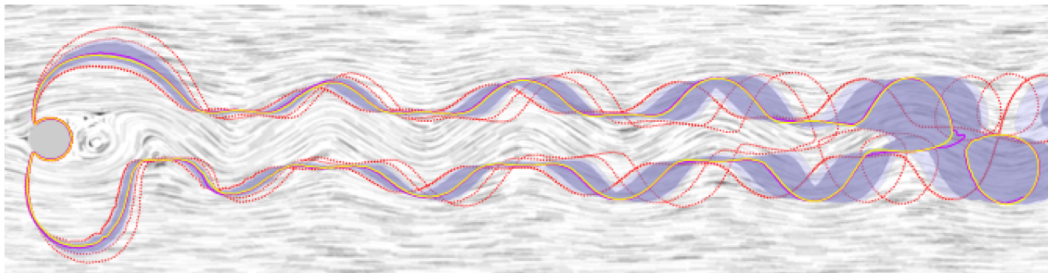
K. Potter, P. Rosen, C.R. Johnson. "From Quantification to Visualization: A Taxonomy of Uncertainty Visualization Approaches," In *Uncertainty Quantification in Scientific Computing*, IFIP Series, Vol. 377, Springer, pp. 226-249. 2012.

K. Potter, A. Wilson, P.-T. Bremer, D. Williams, C. Doutriaux, V. Pascucci, C.R. Johnson. "Ensemble-Vis: A Framework for the Statistical Visualization of Ensemble Data," In *Proceedings of the 2009 IEEE International Conference on Data Mining Workshops*, pp. 233-240. 2009.

C.R. Johnson, A.R. Sanderson. "A Next Step: Visualizing Errors and Uncertainty," In *IEEE Computer Graphics and Applications*, Vol. 23, No. 5, pp. 6-10. September/October, 2003.

Contour Box Plots

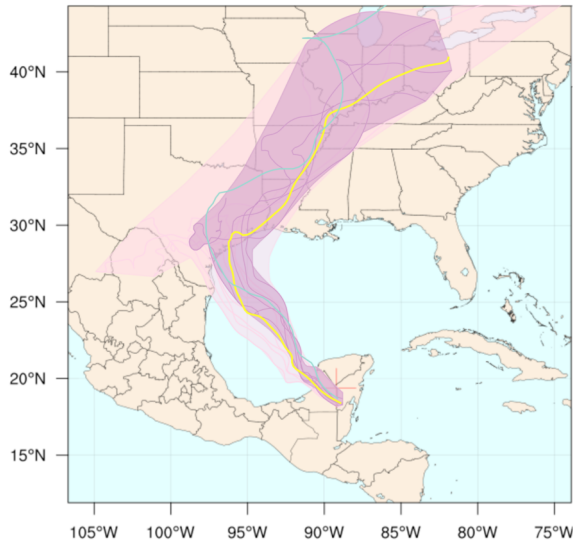
$$S \in \text{sB}(S_1, \dots, S_j) \iff \bigcap_{k=1}^j S_k \subset S \subset \bigcup_{k=1}^j S_k.$$



Whitaker, Mirzargar, Kirby, *IEEE Transactions on Visualization and Computer Graphics*, Vol. 19, No. 12, pp. 2713--2722, 2013.

M.G. Genton, C.R. Johnson, K. Potter, G. Stenchikov, Y. Sun.
"Surface boxplots," In *Stat Journal*, Vol. 3, No. 1, pp. 1-11. 2014.

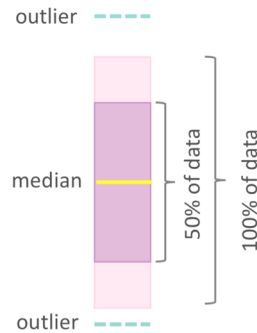
Ensemble Curved Boxplot



This plot is an experimental boxplot visualization

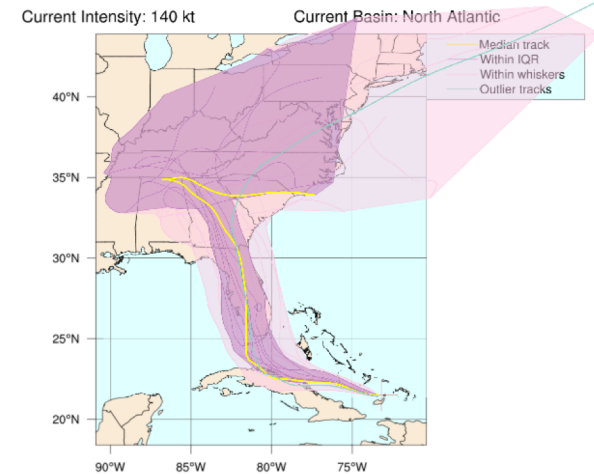
By using this plot, the user agrees to the UCAR Terms of Use which can be accessed at: <http://www2.ucar.edu/terms-of-use>

Plot generated at 0613 UTC 23 August 2017



MAJOR HURRICANE IRMA (AL11)

GFS ensemble curve boxplot initialized at 0600 UTC, 08 September 2017



This plot is an experimental boxplot visualization

By using this plot, the user agrees to the UCAR Terms of Use which can be accessed at: <http://www2.ucar.edu/terms-of-use>

Plot generated at 1522 UTC 08 September 2017

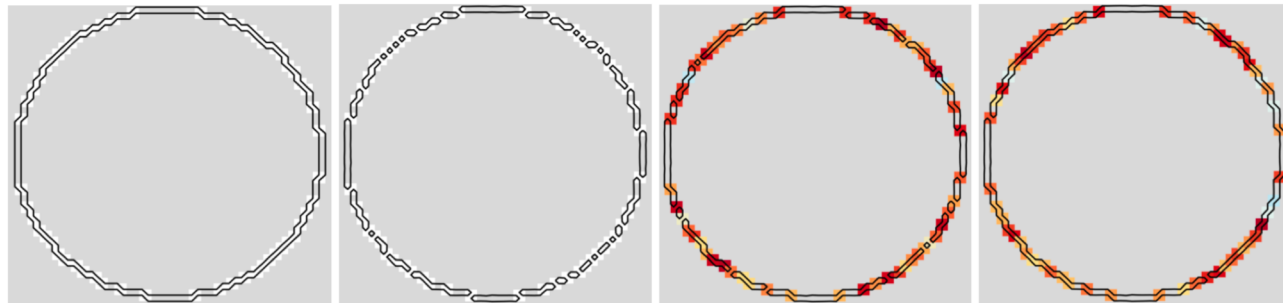


M. Mirzargar, R. Whitaker, R. M. Kirby. "Curve Boxplot: Generalization of Boxplot for Ensembles of Curves,"
IEEE Transactions on Visualization and Computer Graphics, Vol. 20, No. 12, IEEE, pp. 2654-63. December, 2014.

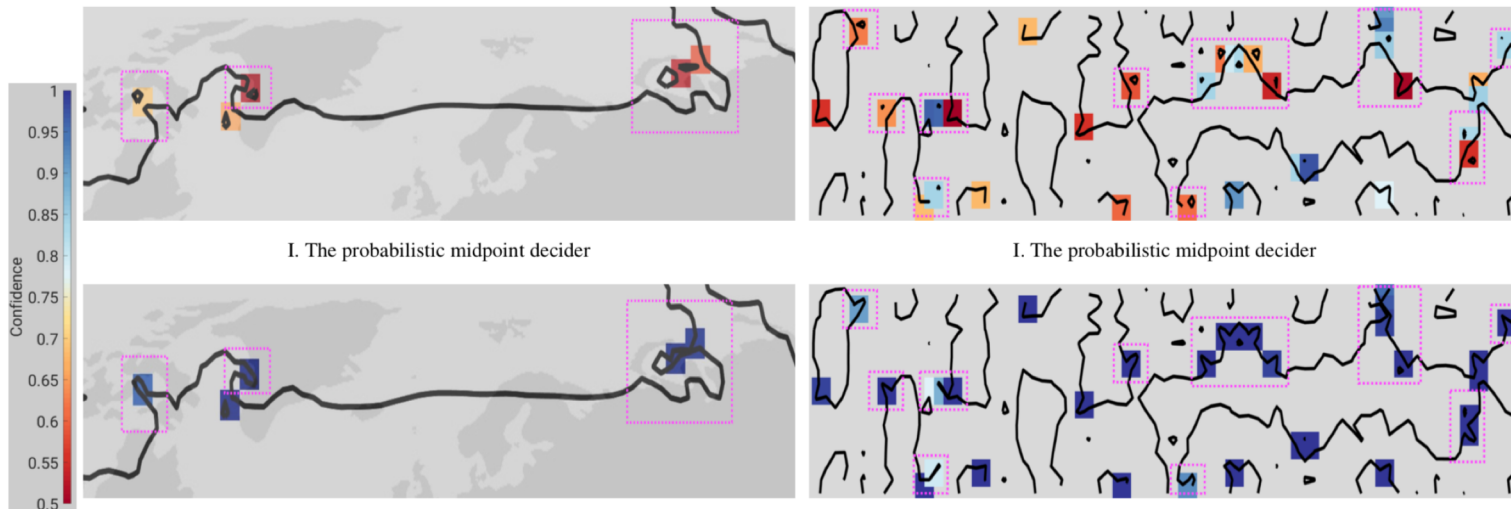


Probabilistic Asymptotic Decider for Topological Ambiguity Resolution in Level-Set Extraction for Uncertain 2D Data

Tushar Athawale and Chris R. Johnson



(a) The isocontour topology in the (b) The asymptotic decider in the mean (c) The probabilistic midpoint decider (d) The probabilistic asymptotic decider



I. The probabilistic midpoint decider

I. The probabilistic midpoint decider

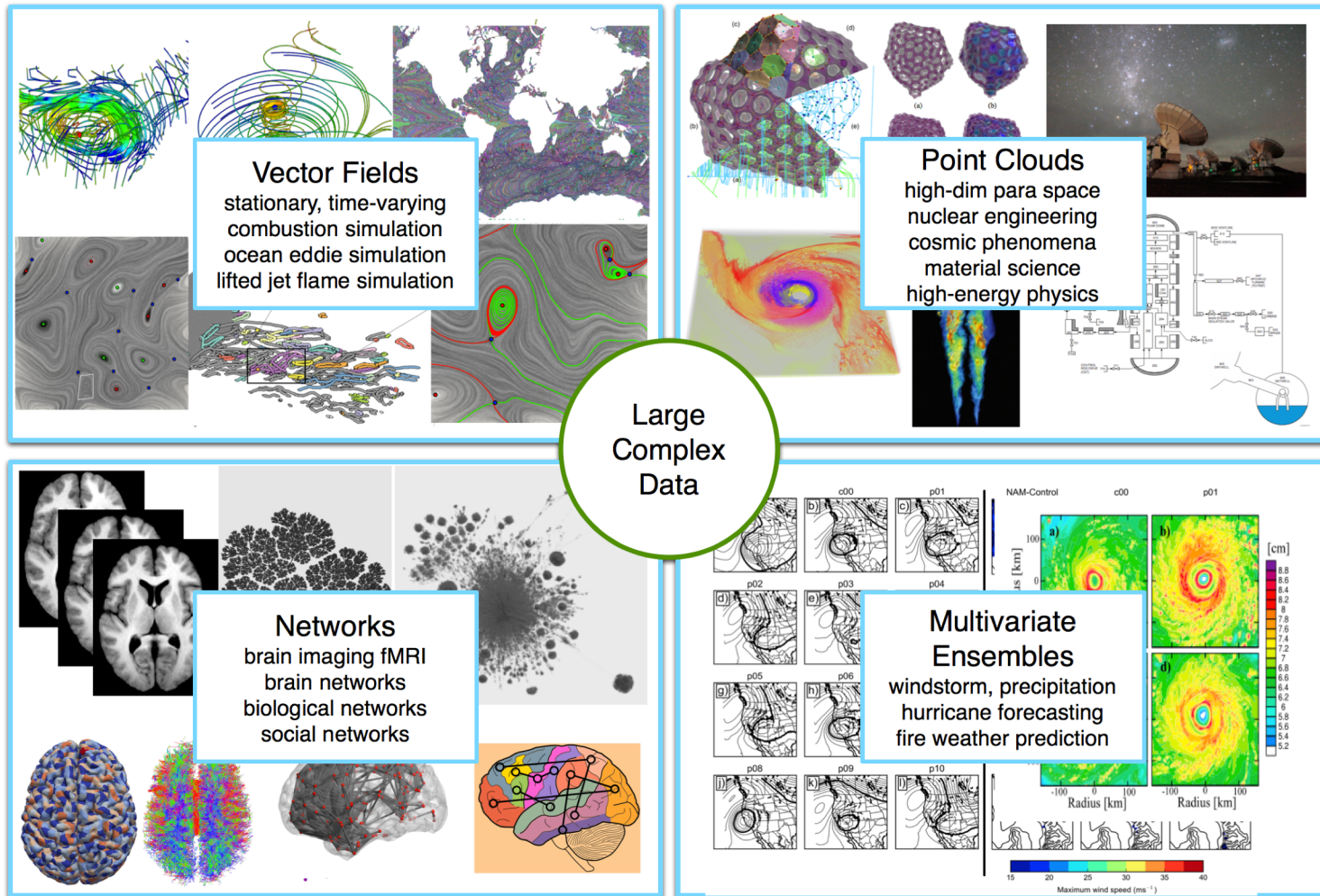
II. The probabilistic asymptotic decider

II. The probabilistic asymptotic decider

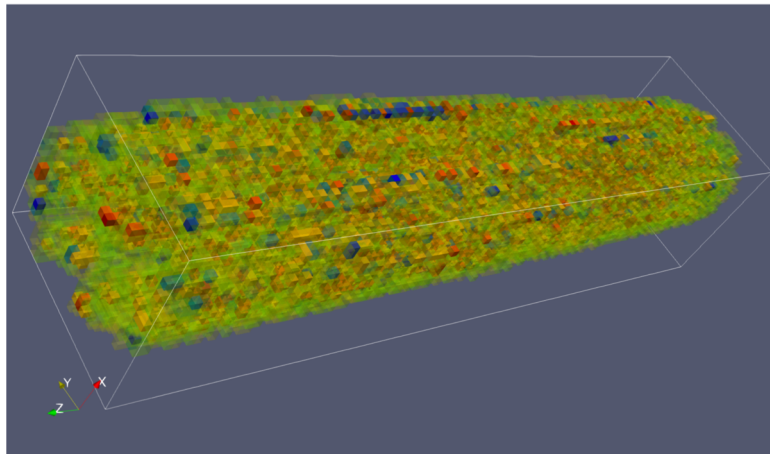
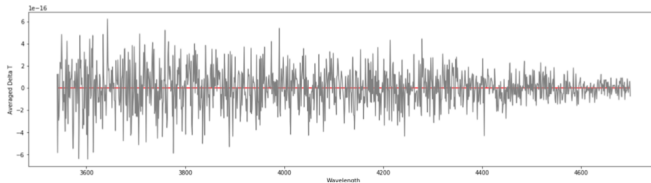
(a) The temperature field

(b) The velocity field for the Kármán vortex street

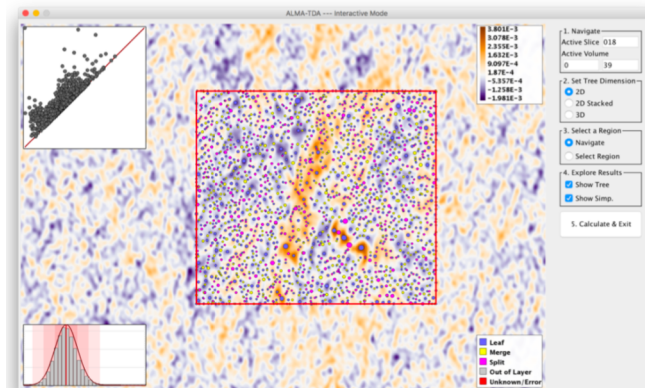
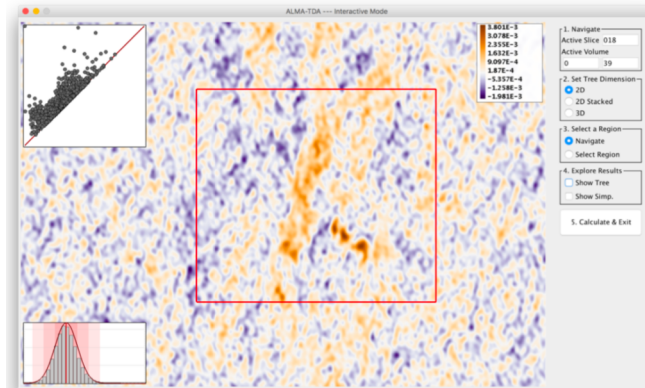
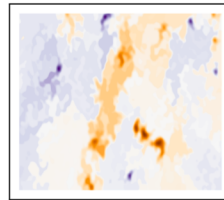
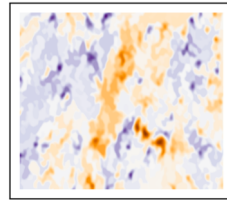
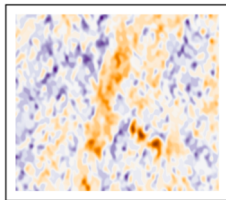
Topological Data Analysis and Visualization



Topological Data Analysis for Astronomical Data Cubes



Analysis of cosmic voids



Using Contour Trees in the Analysis and Visualization of Radio Astronomy Data Cubes



Yulong Liang, Vikranta Kamble, Helion Dumas Desbourboux, Lin Yan, Mengjiao Han, Kyle Dawson, Nicholas Boardman, Gail Zasowski, Anil Seth, Joel Brownstein, Paul Rosen, Juna A. Kollmeier, Guillermo Blanc, **Bei Wang**

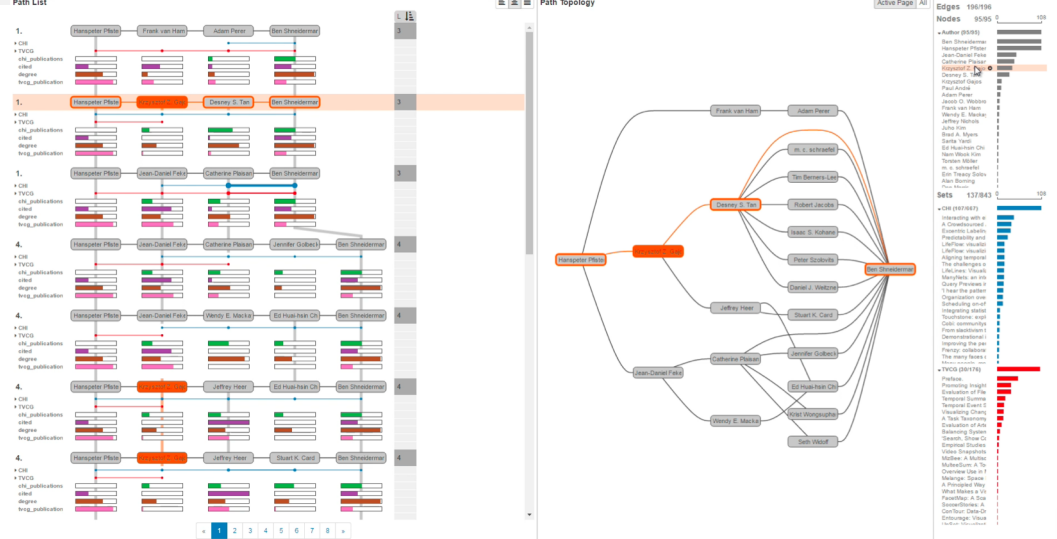
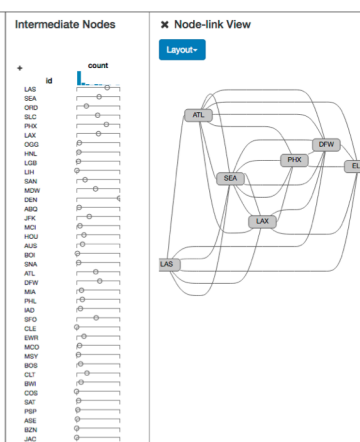
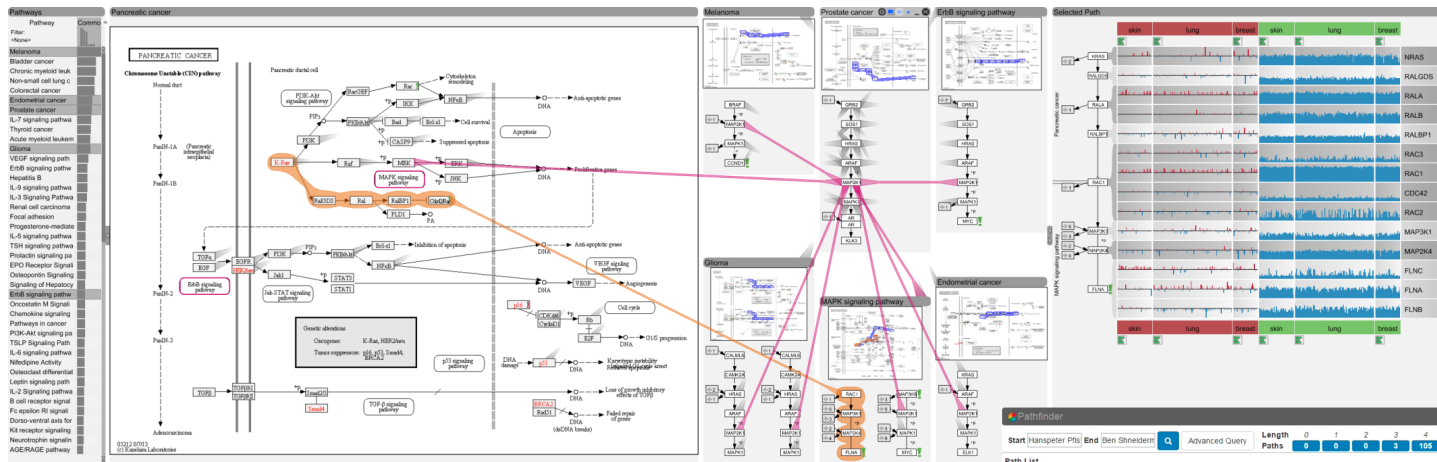
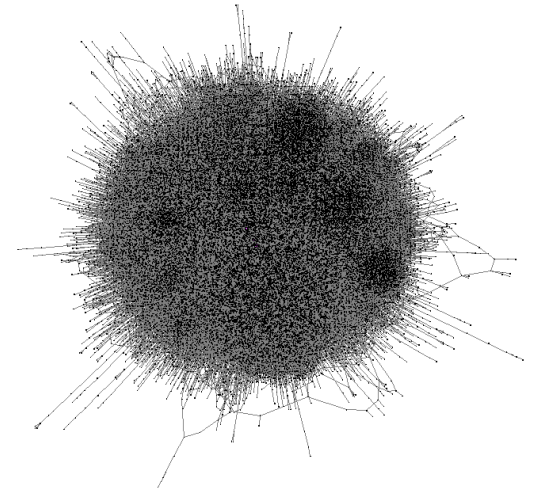
Large-Scale Visualization Challenges

Scalability

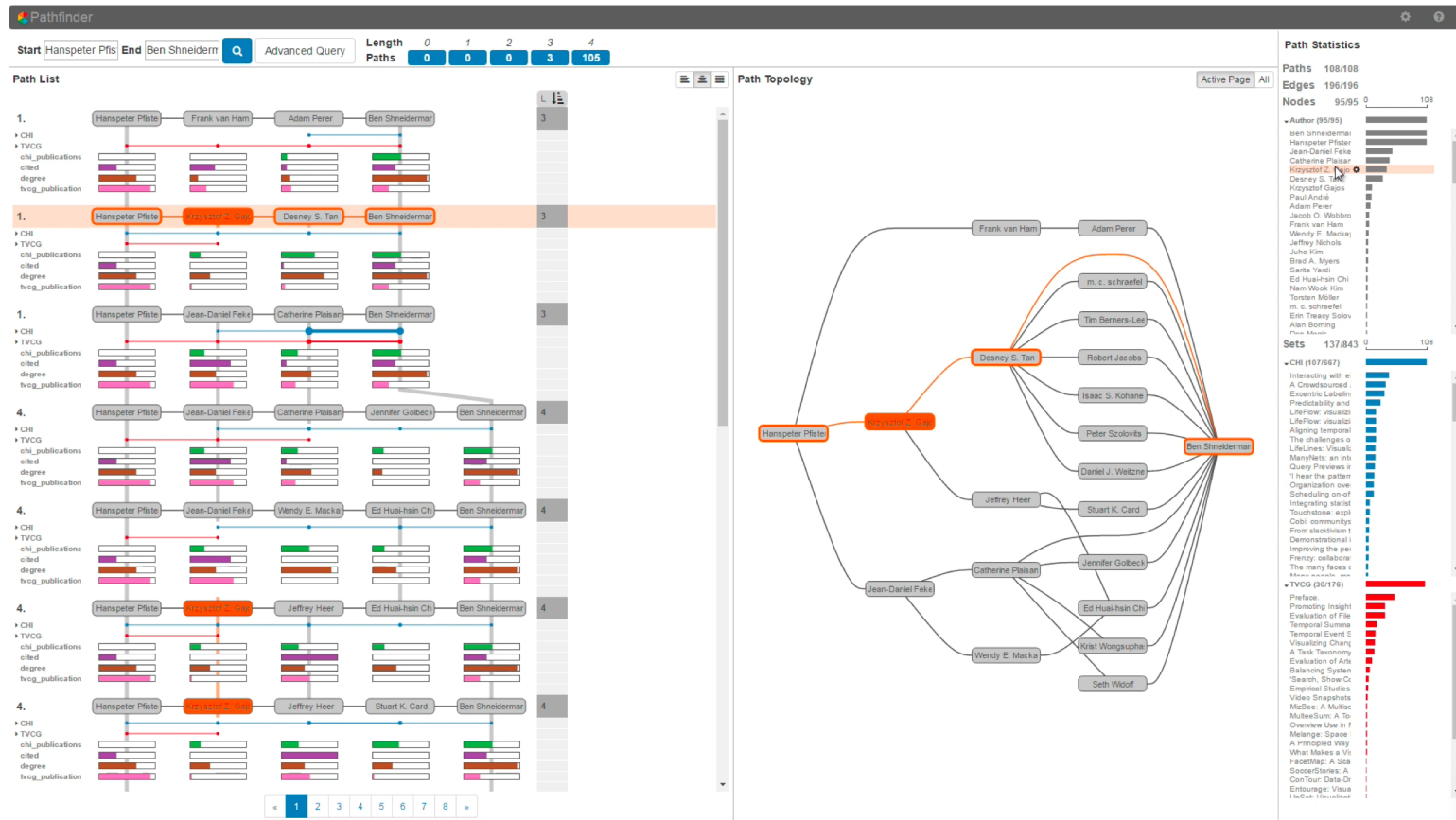
- High Dimensional Visualization
- In Situ and Streaming Visualization
- Hierarchy



Large Multivariate Networks



Pathfinder: Visual Analysis of Paths in Graphs

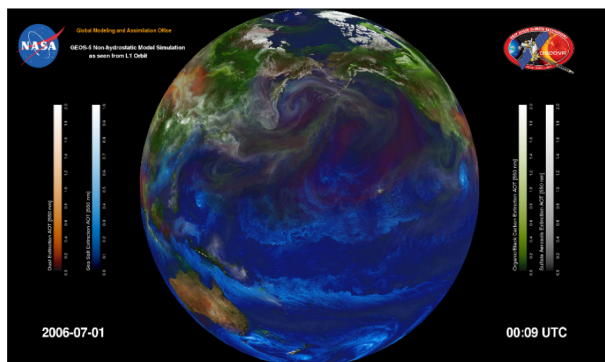


C. Partl, S. Gratzl, M. Streit, A. Wassermann, H. Pfister, D. Schmalstieg, A. Lex. "Pathfinder: Visual Analysis of Paths in Graphs," In *Computer Graphics Forum (EuroVis '16)*, Vol. 35, No. 3, pp. 71-80, 2016.

Scalable Deployment: Exploration of 3.5PB of NASA Weather/Climate Data in Real Time

Workflow

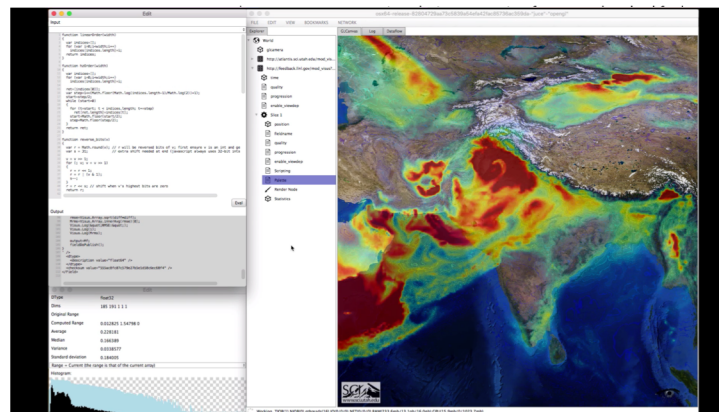
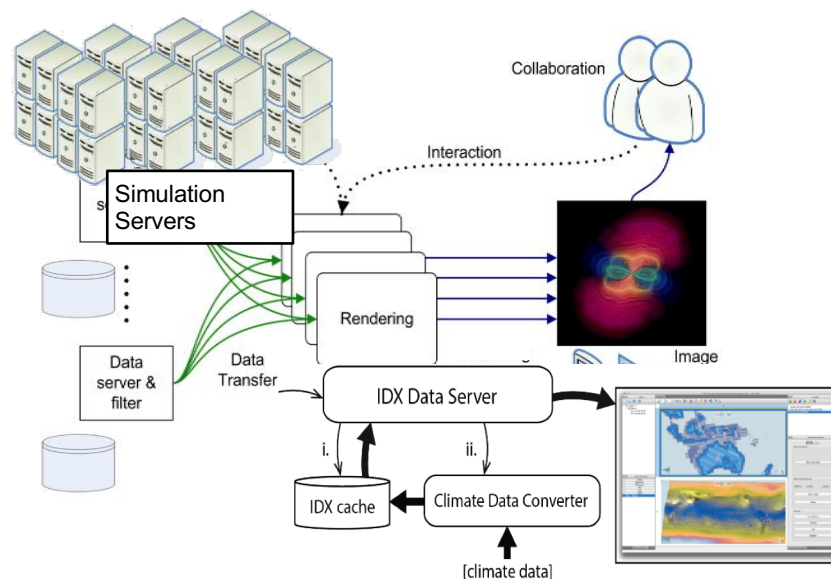
- *Data creation*
 - *Data Management*
- Processing
 - Analysis
 - Visualization



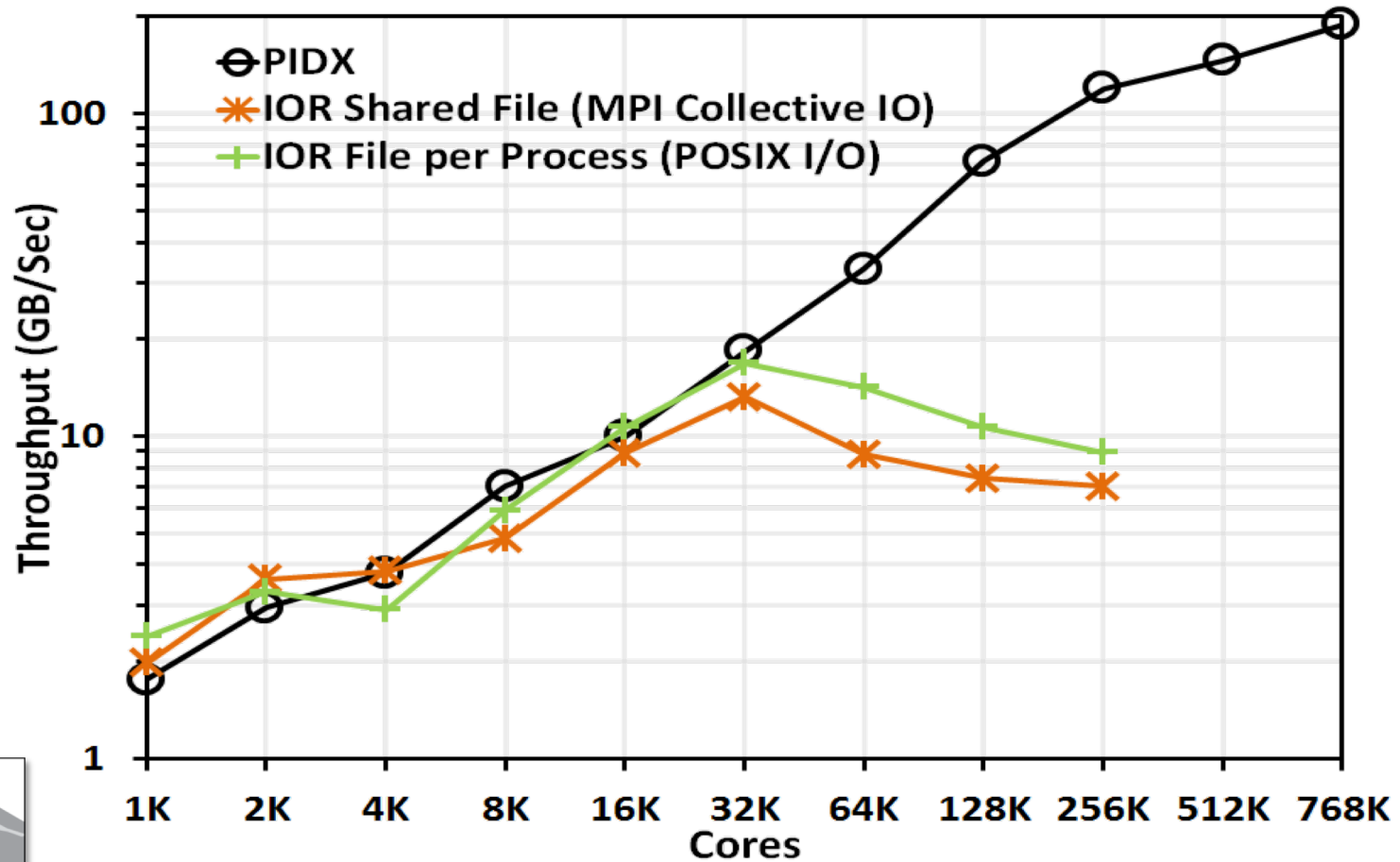
- 7km GEOS-5 “Nature Run”
- 1 dataset, 3.5 PB
- theoretically: openly accessible
- practically: precomputed pics

Distributed Resources

- 3.5 PB of data store in NASA
- Primary ViSUS server in LLNL
- Secondary ViSUS server in Utah
- Clients connect remotely
- Work without additional HPC resources

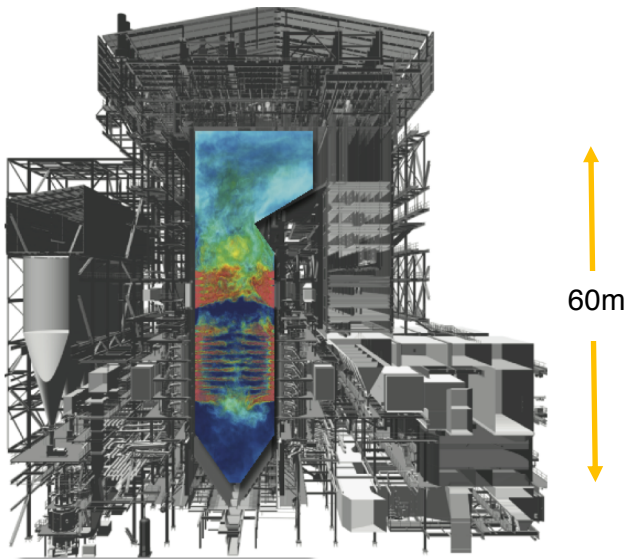
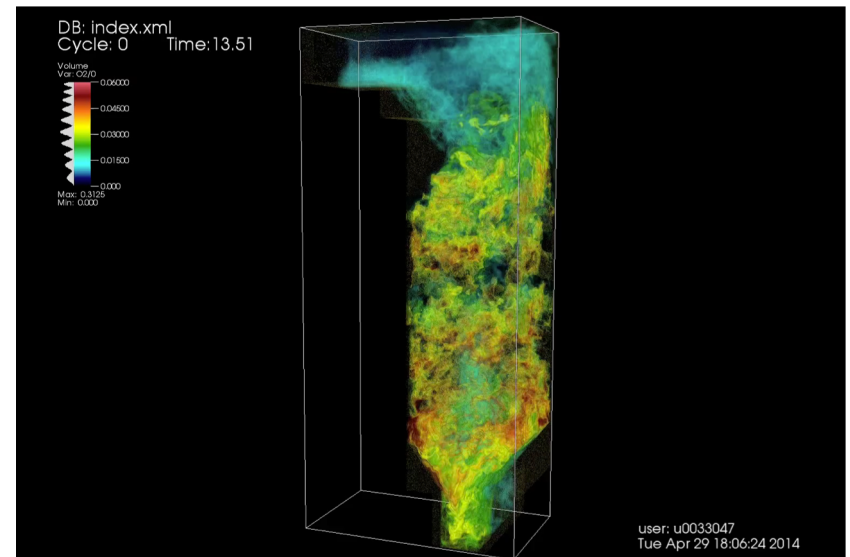


High Performance Data Movement for Real-Time Monitoring of Large Scale Simulations



DOE PSAAP2 Simulations of GE Clean(er) Coal Boilers

- Large scale turbulent combustion needs mm scale grids
 10^{14} mesh cells 10^{15} variables (1000x more than now)
- Structured, high order finite-volume discretization
- Mass, momentum, energy conservation
- LES closure, tabulated chemistry
- PDF mixing models
- DQMOM (many small linear solves)
- Uncertainty quantification



- Low Mach number approx. (pressure Poisson solve up to 10^{12} variables. 1M patches 10 B variables)
- **Radiation** via Discrete Ordinates – many hypr solves Mira (cpus) or ray tracing Titan (gpus strong and weak scaling via AMR).
- FAST I/O needed PIDX for scalability

LAMMPS In-Situ Rendering with OSPRay

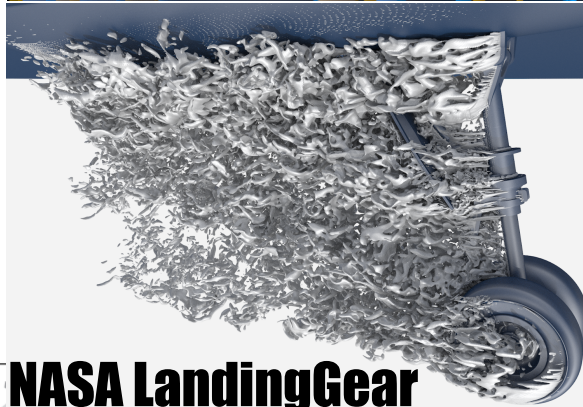
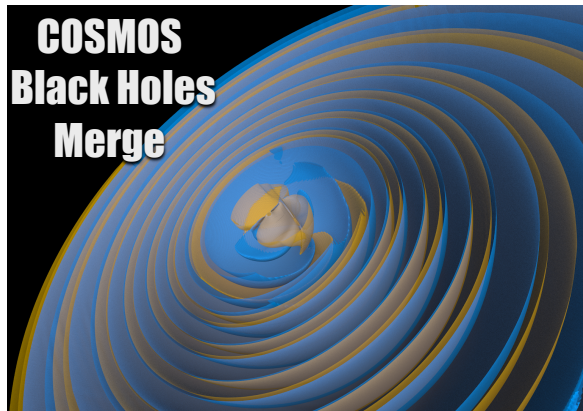
In Situ Visualization of LAMMPS with SENSEI and OSPRay

Will Usher, Silvio Rizzi, Jefferson Amstutz, Joe Insley,
Venkatram Vishwanath, Nicola Ferrier, Ingo Wald,
Michael E. Papka and Valerio Pascucci

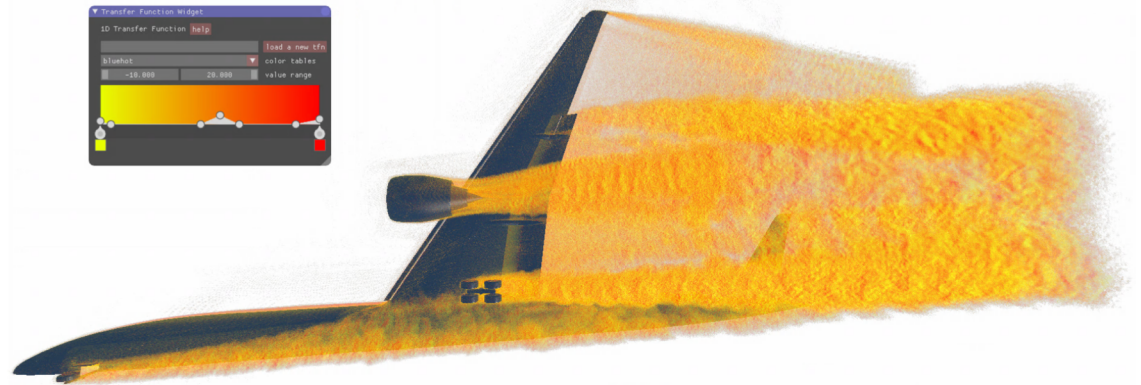
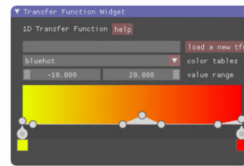


AMR Data Visualization

- Block-structured AMR



- Tree-based (unstructured) AMR



NASA Exajet

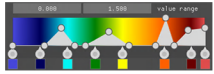
NASA Exajet - 1.3B Cells

CPU Ray-tracing of Tree-based Adaptive
Mesh Refinement Data

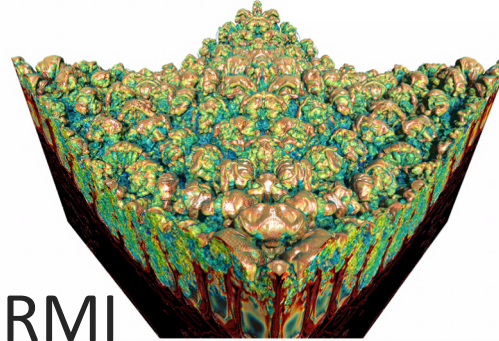
Submission #1053



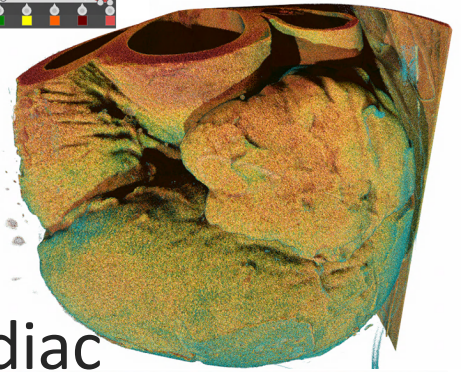
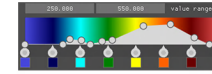
Interactive Visualization of Large-Scale Datasets



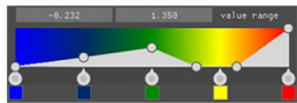
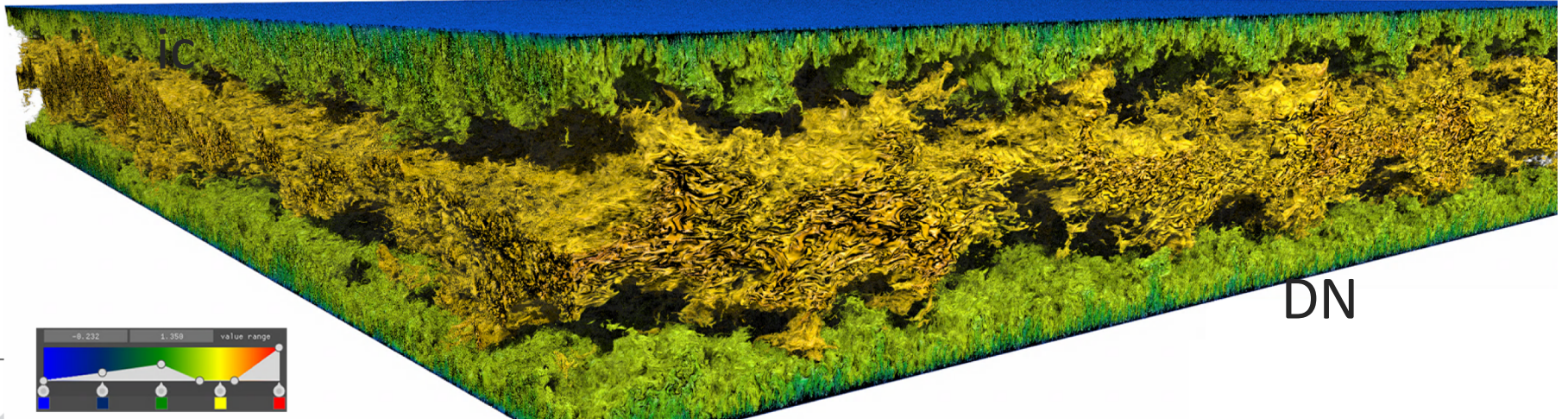
Magnet



RMI



Cardiac



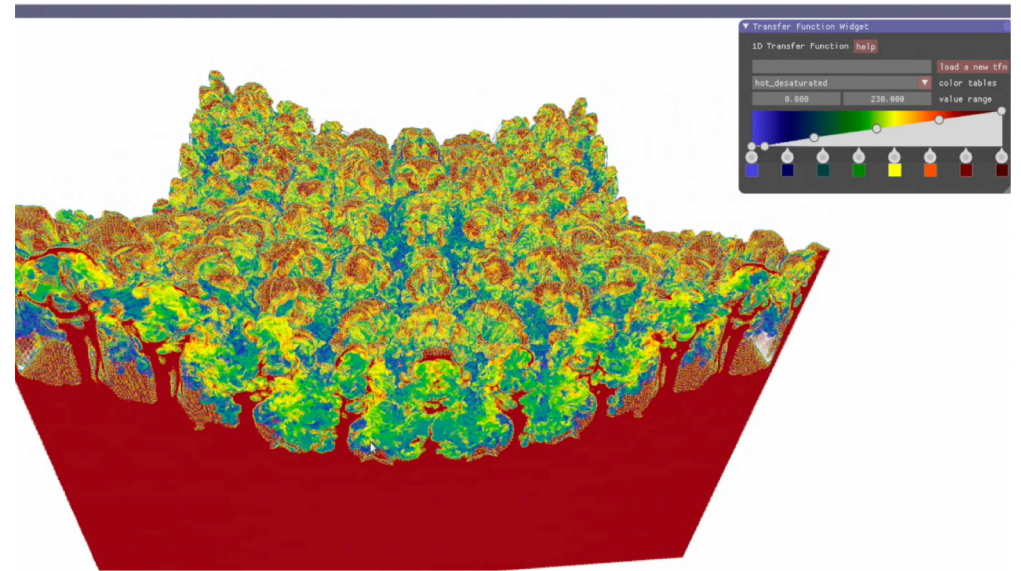
DN

S

Ray-guided Progressive Rendering

Progressive sampling

- Hierarchical representation
- On-demand loading
- Independent data-streaming threads
- Visualize coarse data as a approximate and gradually refine it



Large-Scale Visualization Challenges

Users and Usability

- Interactivity
- Collaboration
- Design
- Reproducible Visualization



Interactive Streamline Exploration and Manipulation using Deformation

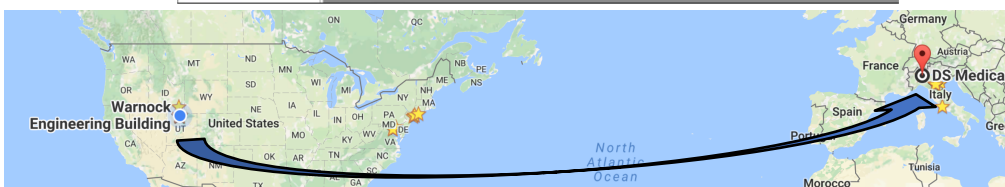
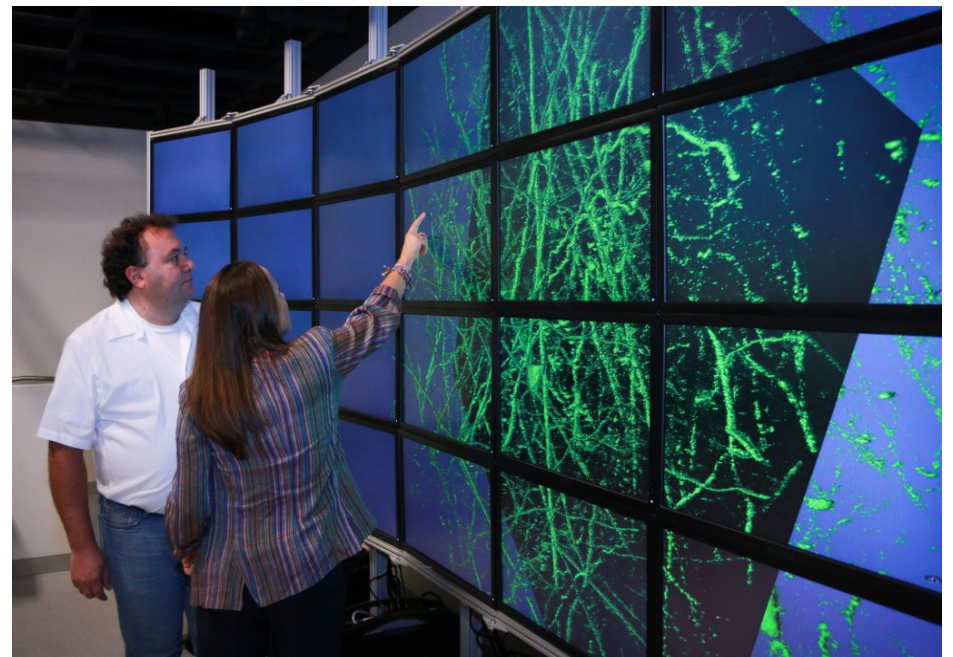
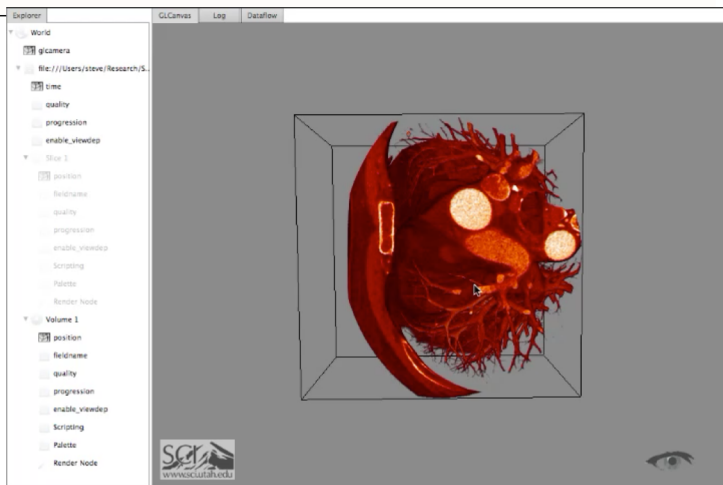
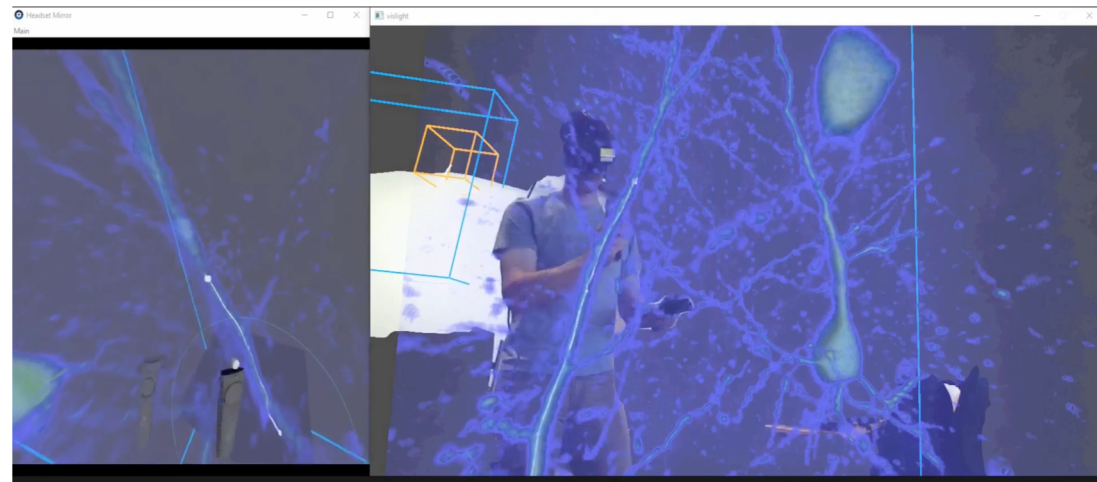
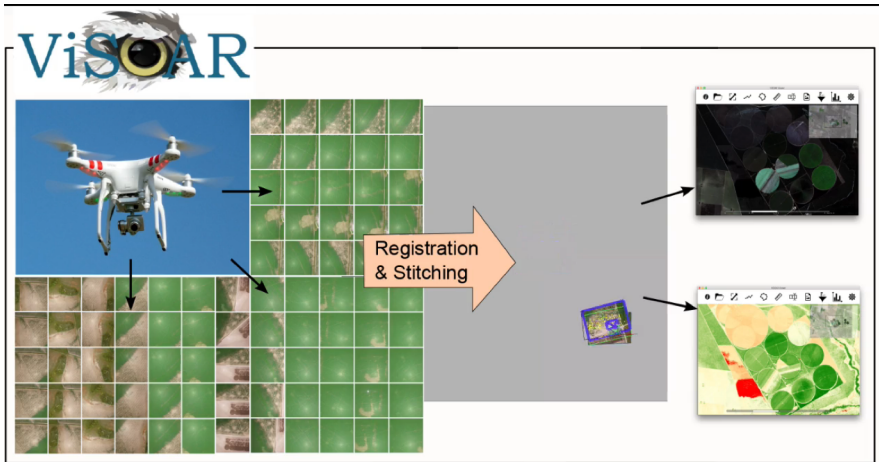
Xin Tong¹, John Edwards², Chun-Ming Chen¹,
Han-Wei Shen¹, Chris R. Johnson², Pak Chung Wong³

¹The Ohio State University

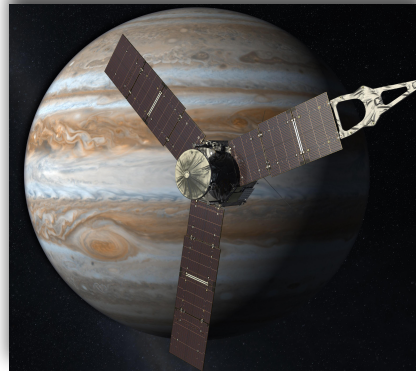
²Scientific Computing and Imaging Institute, University of Utah

³Pacific Northwest National Laboratory

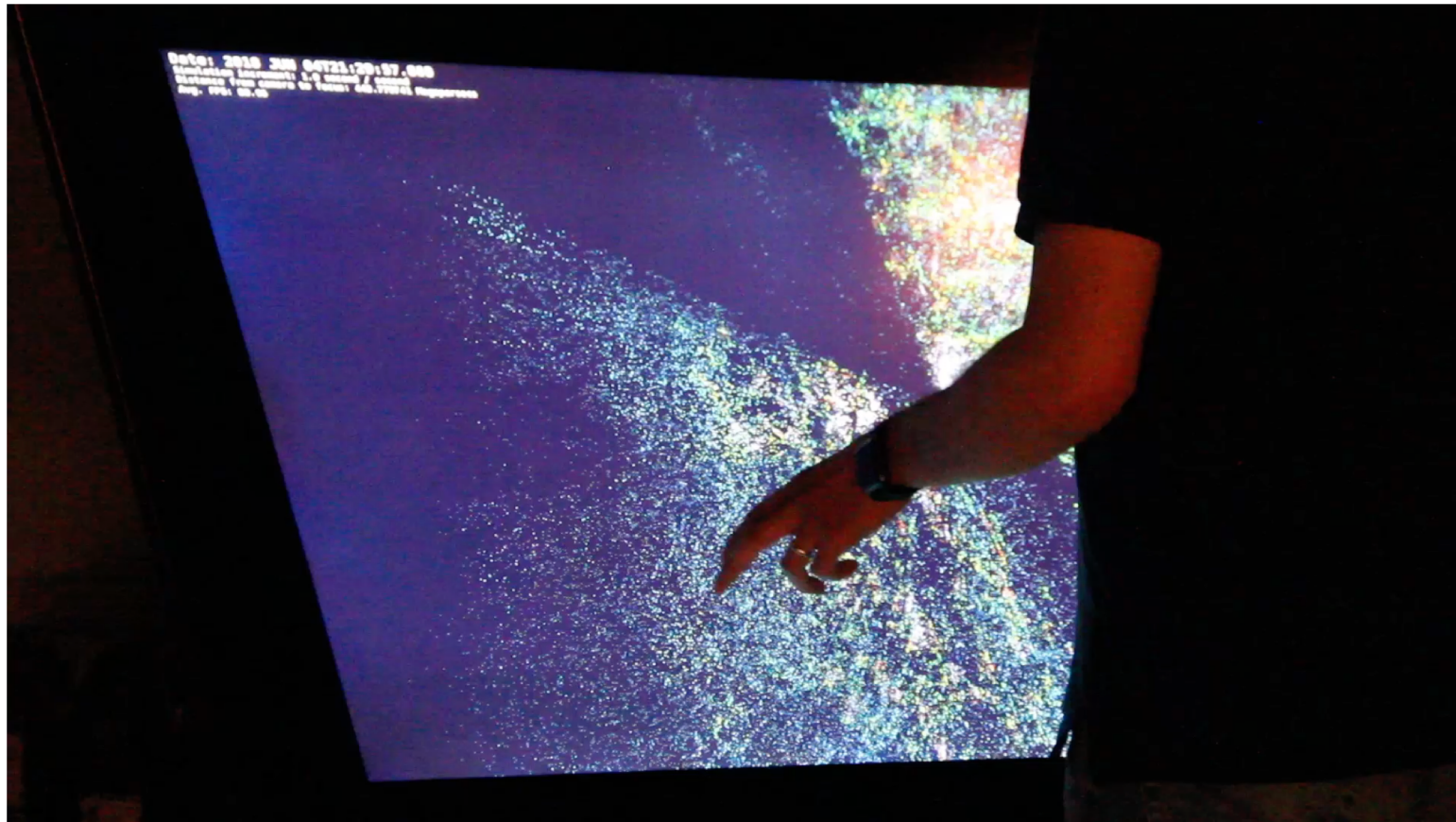




OpenSpace Team



<http://openspaceproject.com>



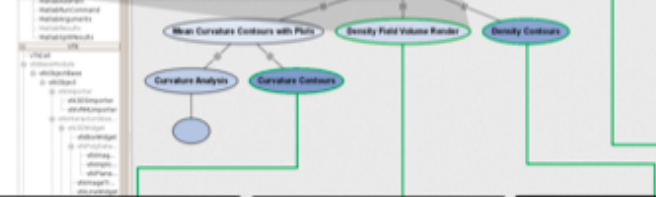
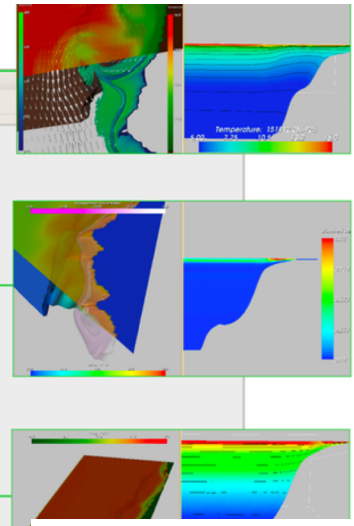
VisTrails

for many interaction modes.

Filenames: Press the Pipeline button to change the filenames. Of importance are the filenames contained in the GridPak reader module, the String module, and the Integer module at the very top of the pipeline. The GridPakReader contains information about the geometry. The String Module is the filename of the .nc output of the simulation (have 13 of these files in total) and the Integer is the specific timestep within this file (each file contains ~10 individual timesteps for 120 in total).

The cutting plane: Press 'Y' to activate the cutting plane. As you move the plane (click and drag on the plane surface) the slice on the right hand side will move to reflect this location in space. To orient the plane, move the sphere on the plane to appear. The Earth information about the geometry. The String Module is the filename of the .nc output of the simulation (have 13 of these files in total) and the Integer is the specific timestep within this file (each file contains ~10 individual timesteps for 120 in total).

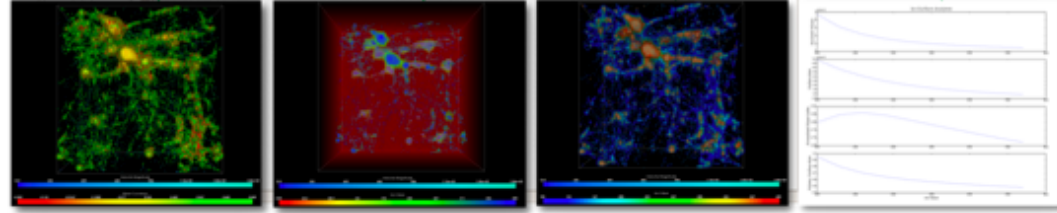
The cutting plane: Press 'Y' to activate the cutting plane. As you move the plane (click and drag on the plane surface) the slice on the right hand side will move to reflect this location in space. To orient the plane, move the sphere on the plane to appear. The Earth information about the geometry. The String Module is the filename of the .nc output of the simulation (have 13 of these files in total) and the Integer is the specific timestep within this file (each file contains ~10 individual timesteps for 120 in total).



Notes:

In this workflow, we describe the density field induced by the particles in the cosmology in question. This density field is visualized by a volume rendering of the field with an appropriate transfer function. Tones in red represent extremely low density regions whereas blue hues depict areas of high density.

Imposing error analysis methods here would greatly help validate the accuracy of the visualization.



FILE VARIABLES

Directory: /home/.../data

File: /home/.../data/sample_data/clt.nc

Variable: clt[120, 48, 72] (float64)

DEFINED VARIABLES

Plot: null

T-time: 1995-1-0 00:0.0

X-latitude: 90.0

Y-longitude: 175.0

VisTrails VCDAT

History Tree

- Total Cloudiness 1979
- Total Cloudiness 1980
- Total Cloudiness 1981
- Total Cloudiness 1982

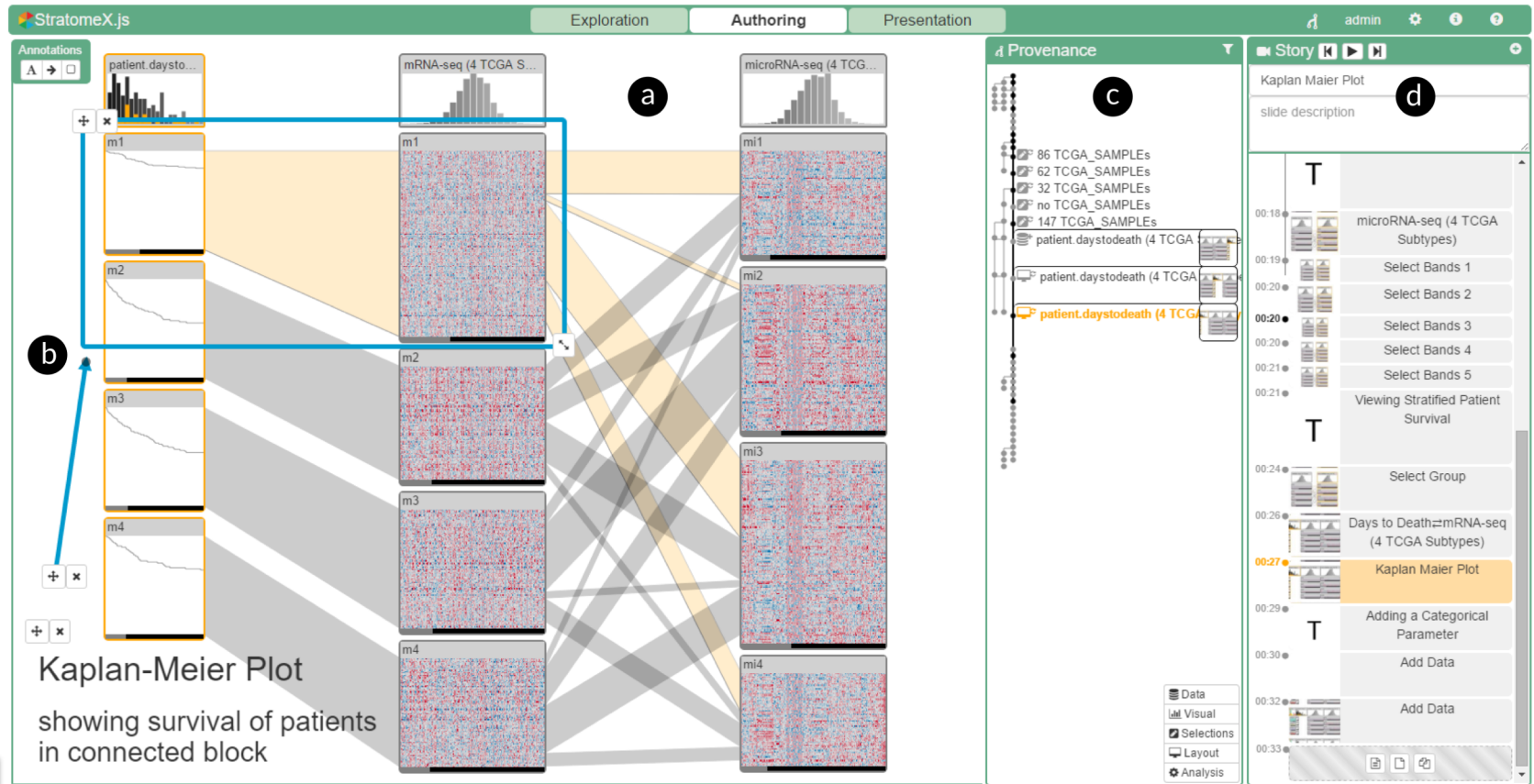
VisTrails Shell

```

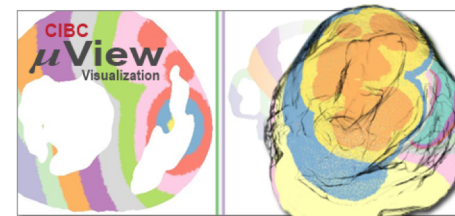
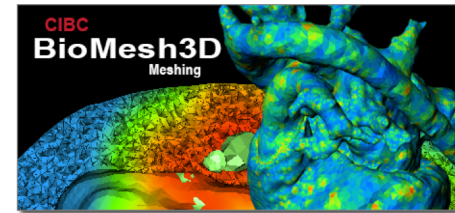
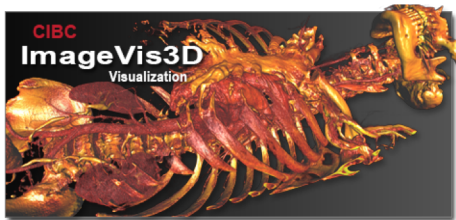
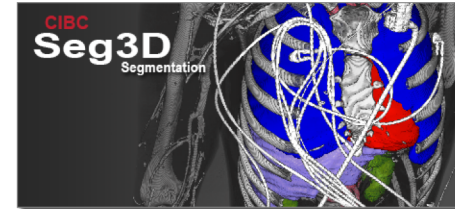
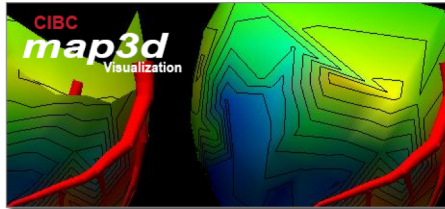
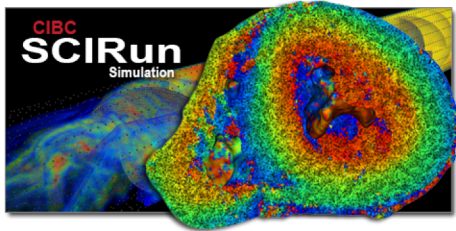
VisTrails shell running Python 2.6.4 (r264:75821M, Oct 27 2009, 19:48:32)
[GCC 4.0.1 (Apple Inc. build 5493)] on darwin.
Type "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information on Python.
>>> import vs3, cdmS2
>>> cdat = load_package('CDAT')
>>> cdmSfile = cdmS2.open('/home/emanuele/src/cdat_bin/sample_data/clt.nc')
>>> data = cdmSfile['clt']
>>> q = cdat.quickplot()
>>> q.dotset = data
>>> run()
    
```

Visualization Spreadsheet

Reproducibility in Computational Workflows



NIH Center Software

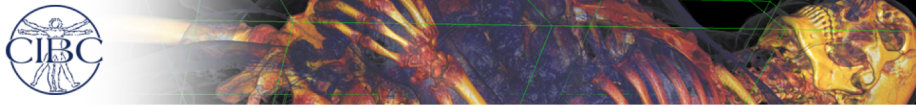


www.sci.utah.edu/sci-software.html




Acknowledgments

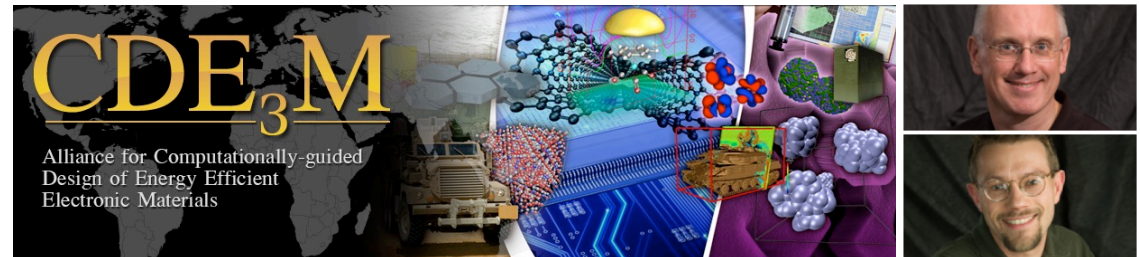
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