

Matlab Interface

- MatlabInterface package is an extension to SCIRun.
- To install the interface:
`--enable-package="MatlabInterface"`
- The MatlabInterface package has no external dependencies and Matlab is not strictly needed to run the interface.

Package layout

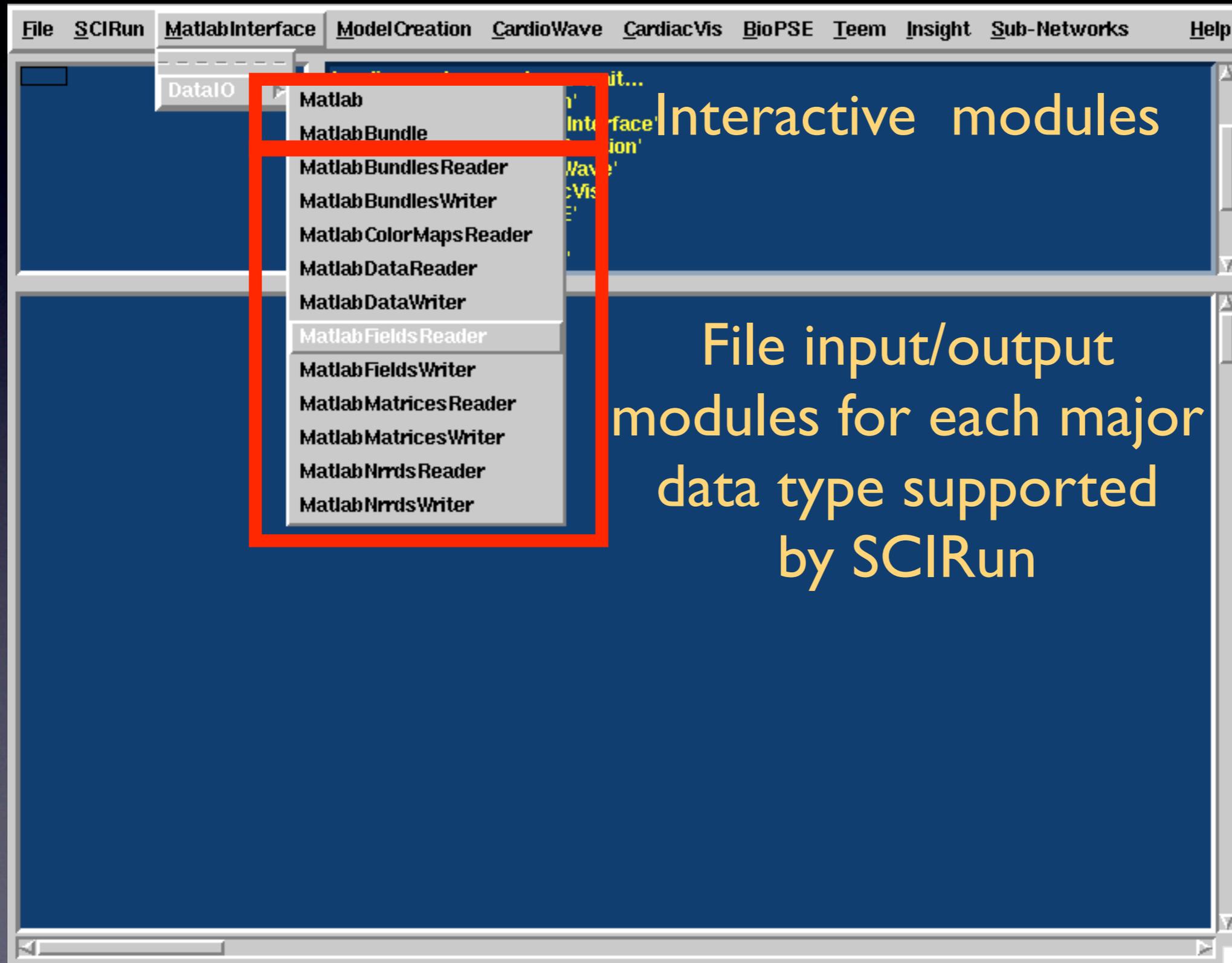
Interactive Interface
that runs Matlab
within SCIRun

← Access to Matlab
is only needed for
this core

Plugins for default
readers and writers
to export and import
matlab files
version 1.25 and beyond

Importers and Exports
that let you browse
a matlab file

What is in the package?



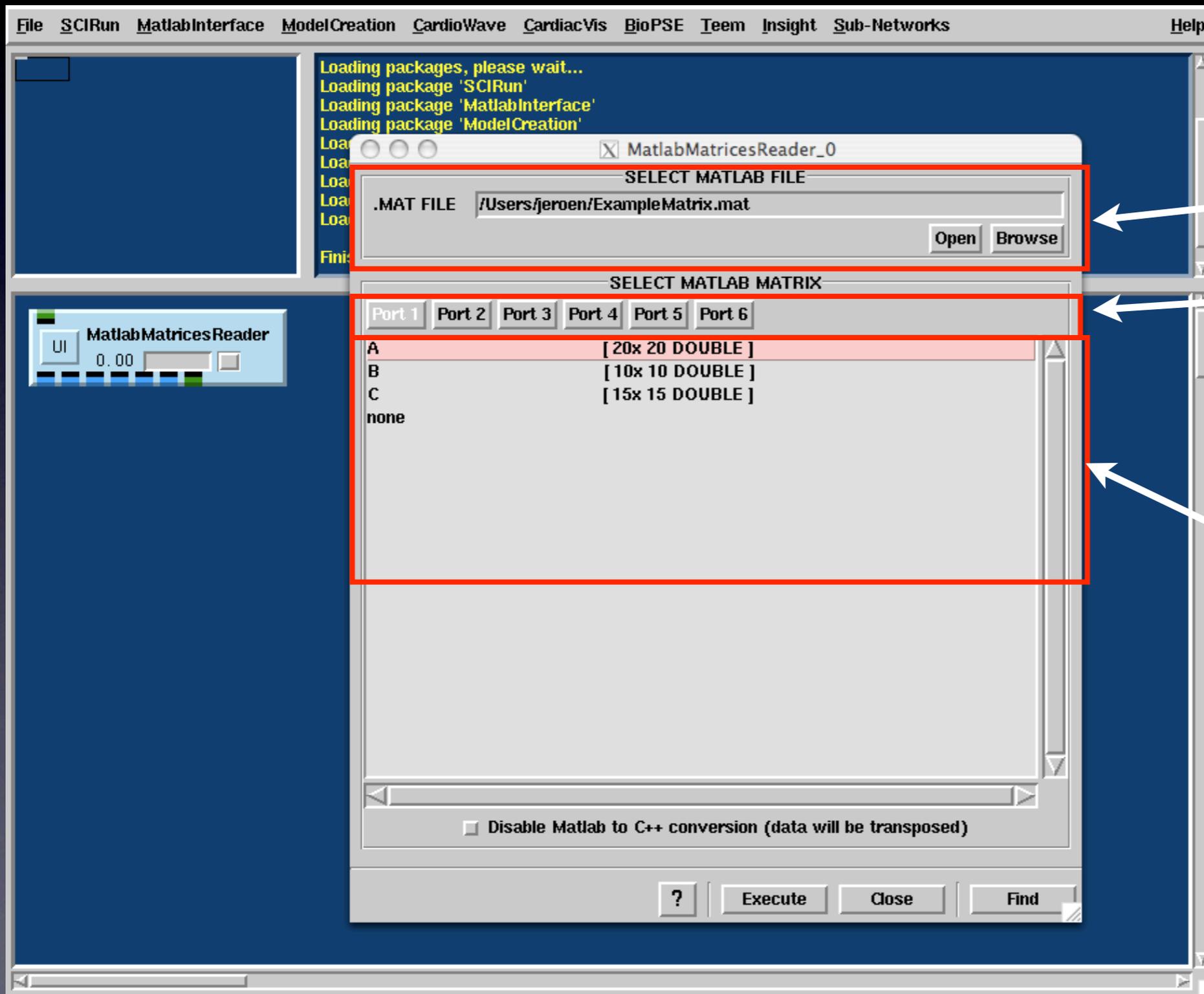
Example 1: Importing a matrix

A sparse or dense matrix in Matlab corresponds to a sparse or dense matrix in SCIRun.

Create an example file in Matlab:

```
>> A = rand(20);  
>> B = rand(10);  
>> C = rand(15);  
>> save ExampleMatrix A B C
```

Example 1: Importing a matrix

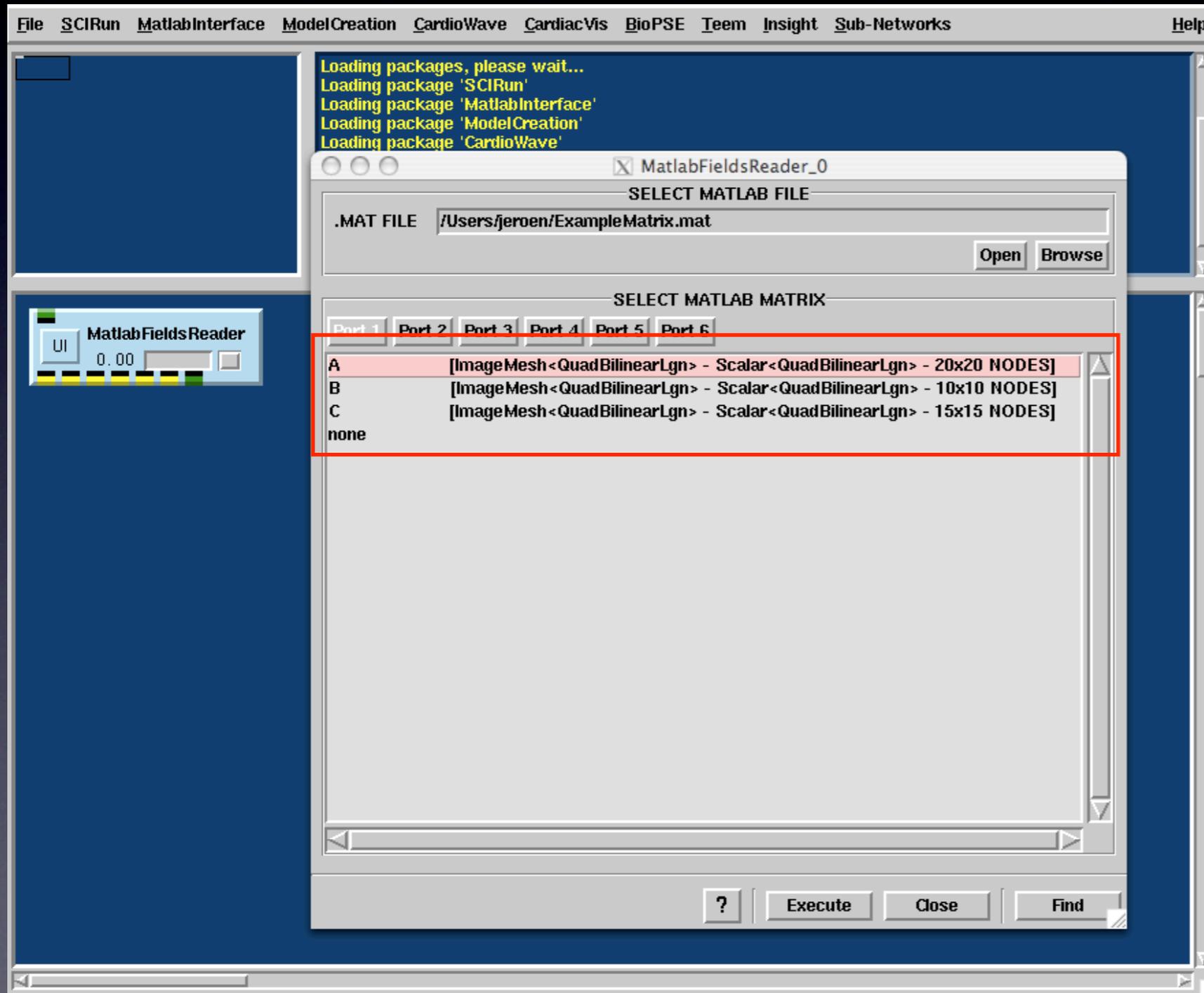


Select Matlab file

Select Module
output port

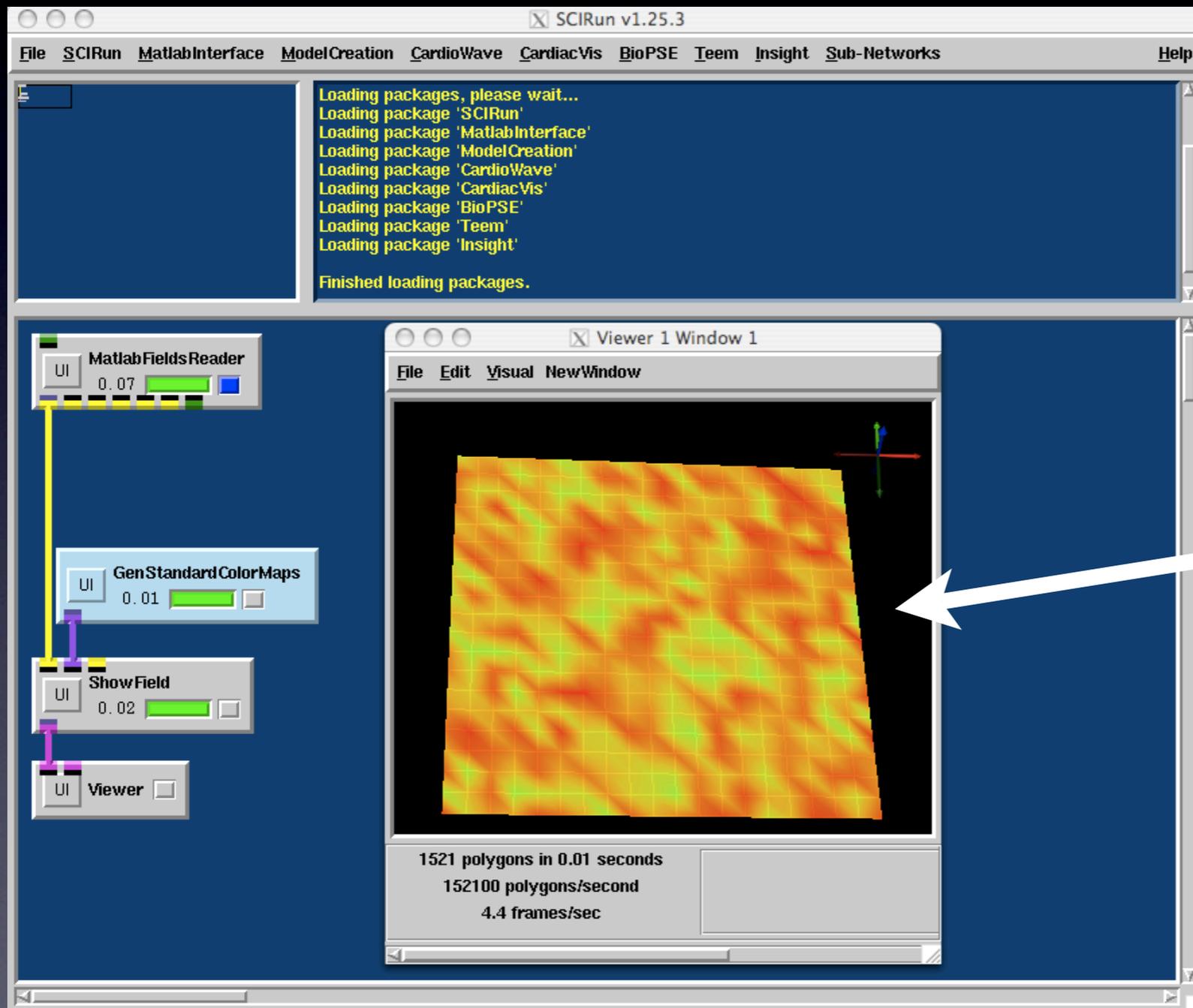
Select which matrix
needs to be projected
on the selected
output port

Example 2: SCIRun Fields



Matrix is now interpreted as an ImageMesh and the data in the matrix is interpreted as the data in the field

Example 2: SCIRun Fields



Visualization of
the matrix

What about more complex geometries ?

- SCIRun has three major types of mesh classes:
 - Regular mesh with fixed distances between nodes (1D, 2D, or 3D mesh).
 - Structured mesh with variable node positions (1D, 2D, or 3D mesh).
 - Irregular meshes: line, triangular, quadrilateral, tetrahedral and hexahedral elements.

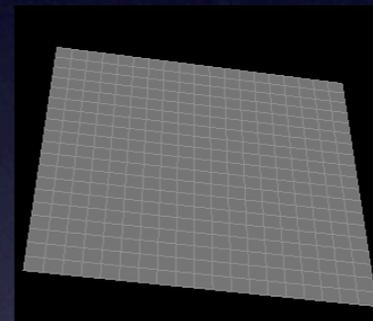
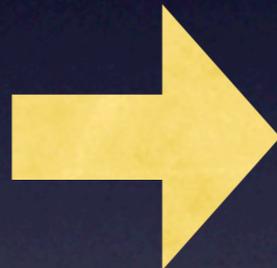
Regular Meshes

Matlab

SCIRun

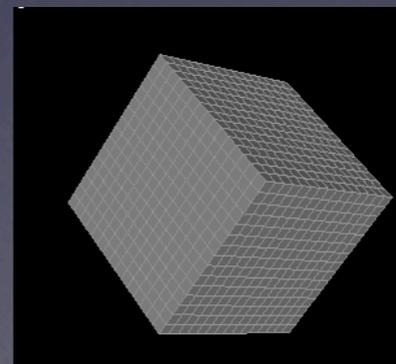
2D Dense matrix

SCIRun Image class



3D Dense matrix

SCIRun LatVol class



Structured meshes

- We need to provide SCIRun with node coordinates and data values:

```
>> [x,y,z] = peaks(60);
```

```
>> sf.x = x;
```

```
>> sf.y = y;
```

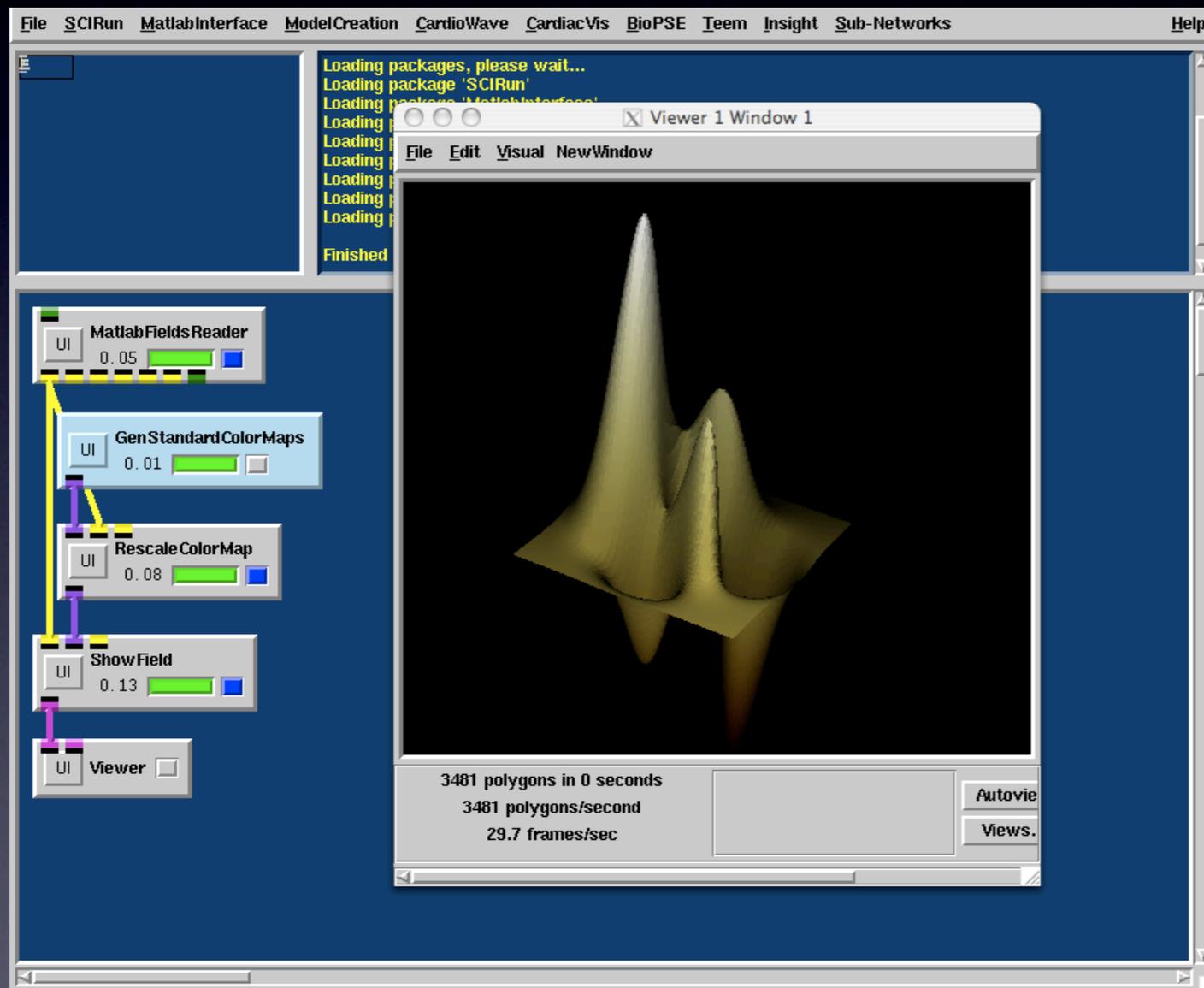
```
>> sf.z = z;
```

```
>> sf.field = z;
```

```
>> save Example3 sf
```

Matlab Note: The notation `<variable>.<fieldname>` creates a structured matlab object in which each field can be a matrix or a nested structured array. We use this type of variable to construct most SCIRun objects.

Example of structured mesh



Structured meshes

Field in structured mesh:

`.x`
`.y`
`.z`

Depending on whether the matrix with the x, y, and z positions is a 1D, 2D, or 3D matrix, the object is a 1D, 2D, or 3D Structured SCIRun object.

`.field`

The field data array should have the same dimensions as the x, y, and z arrays.

If no 'field' array is given the object is assumed to be a pure mesh with no data.

If 'field' has dimensions that are one smaller than x, y, or z arrays, the data is assumed to be on the cells of the mesh

Unstructured meshes

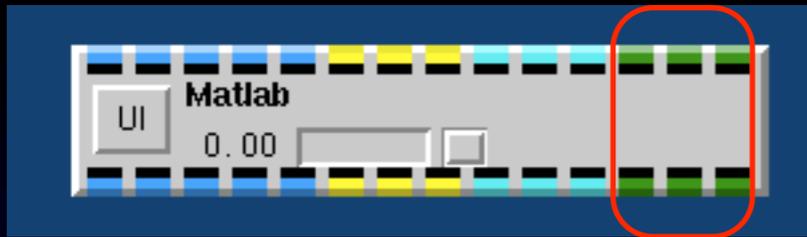
| A point cloud: | A curve: | A surface: | A volume: |
|----------------|----------|------------|-----------|
| .node | .node | .node | .node |
| .field | .edge | .face | .cell |
| | .field | .field | .field |

.node is a 3 by N defining all the nodes in the mesh. The points are defined by the x, y, and z coordinates

.edge/.face/.cell defining the connectivity of a mesh. For example for a triangular mesh this should be a 3 by M matrix, defining M triangular elements.

.field are the data values at a node or an element. Depending on whether there are N or M values the interface will assign data on the nodes or on the elements. In case N is M it will assign data on the nodes.

Interactive module



extension in version 1.25

translate object into Matlab object

Matlab

A separate process
under control of SCIRun

translate object into SCIRun object

INPUT/OUTPUT

Matrices | Fields | Nnrds | Strings

INPUT MATRICES

OUTPUT MATRICES

| | | | | | |
|----------|----|--------------|---------------|----------|----|
| matrix 1 | i1 | same as data | numeric array | matrix 1 | o1 |
| matrix 2 | i2 | same as data | numeric array | matrix 2 | o2 |
| matrix 3 | i3 | same as data | numeric array | matrix 3 | o3 |
| matrix 4 | i4 | same as data | numeric array | matrix 4 | o4 |
| matrix 5 | i5 | same as data | numeric array | matrix 5 | o5 |

MATLAB ENGINE ADDRESS

Address: Password: Session:

Note: leave the addressbar empty for a matlab engine on local machine

MATLAB

Matlab Code | Matlab Engine Output | Matlab Engine Status | Matlab Commands

Define here how to start Matlab on the local machine

Please do not use the 'keyboard' instruction in the matlab code

For 1.24: `~/SCIRun/services/matlabengine.rc`

```
CONFIGURATION FILE
matlab engine configuration file

# PASSWORD:
# If this field is set, then the client wanting to use this service over the inte
# needs to supply a password to access the service.
password=

# RHOSTS:
# A comma or space separated list of all clients that are allowed to connect to t
# The list may include the wildcard symbol '*'. Hence the following kind of lists
#
# rhosts= *.sci.utah.edu *.cvrti.utah.edu
# rhosts= 155.140.*.*
#
rhosts=

# DISABLE:
# This setting will disable this service to be used from the internet for each pr
# using this configuration file. The service cannot be switched on.
disable=false

# STARTMATLAB:
# What command a sh shell should execute to start matlab
startmatlab=/Applications/MATLAB71/bin/matlab -nodesktop -nosplash -nojvm

# MATLBTIMEOUT
# After how many seconds to fail if matlab did not start
matlabtimeout=180

load save
```

To run Matlab within SCIRun:
use '-nodesktop' and '-nojvm' option:
This will disable the graphical user interface so we
can interface with Matlab directly

This section describes how the SCIRun data flow objects are loaded into the Matlab Workspace and which objects need to be grabbed at the end of the session

INPUT/OUTPUT

Matrices | Fields | Nrnds | Strings

| INPUT MATRICES | | | OUTPUT MATRICES | | |
|----------------|---------------------------------|---|--|----------|---------------------------------|
| matrix 1 | <input type="text" value="i1"/> | <input type="text" value="same as data"/> | <input type="text" value="numeric array"/> | matrix 1 | <input type="text" value="o1"/> |
| matrix 2 | <input type="text" value="i2"/> | <input type="text" value="same as data"/> | <input type="text" value="numeric array"/> | matrix 2 | <input type="text" value="o2"/> |
| matrix 3 | <input type="text" value="i3"/> | <input type="text" value="same as data"/> | <input type="text" value="numeric array"/> | matrix 3 | <input type="text" value="o3"/> |
| matrix 4 | <input type="text" value="i4"/> | <input type="text" value="same as data"/> | <input type="text" value="numeric array"/> | matrix 4 | <input type="text" value="o4"/> |
| matrix 5 | <input type="text" value="i5"/> | <input type="text" value="same as data"/> | <input type="text" value="numeric array"/> | matrix 5 | <input type="text" value="o5"/> |

names of input objects **names of output objects**

MATLAB ENGINE ADDRESS

Address: Port: Password: Session:

[Edit Local Config of Matlab Engine](#)

Note: leave the addressbar empty for a matlab engine on local machine

MATLAB

Matlab Code | Matlab Engine Output | Matlab Engine Status

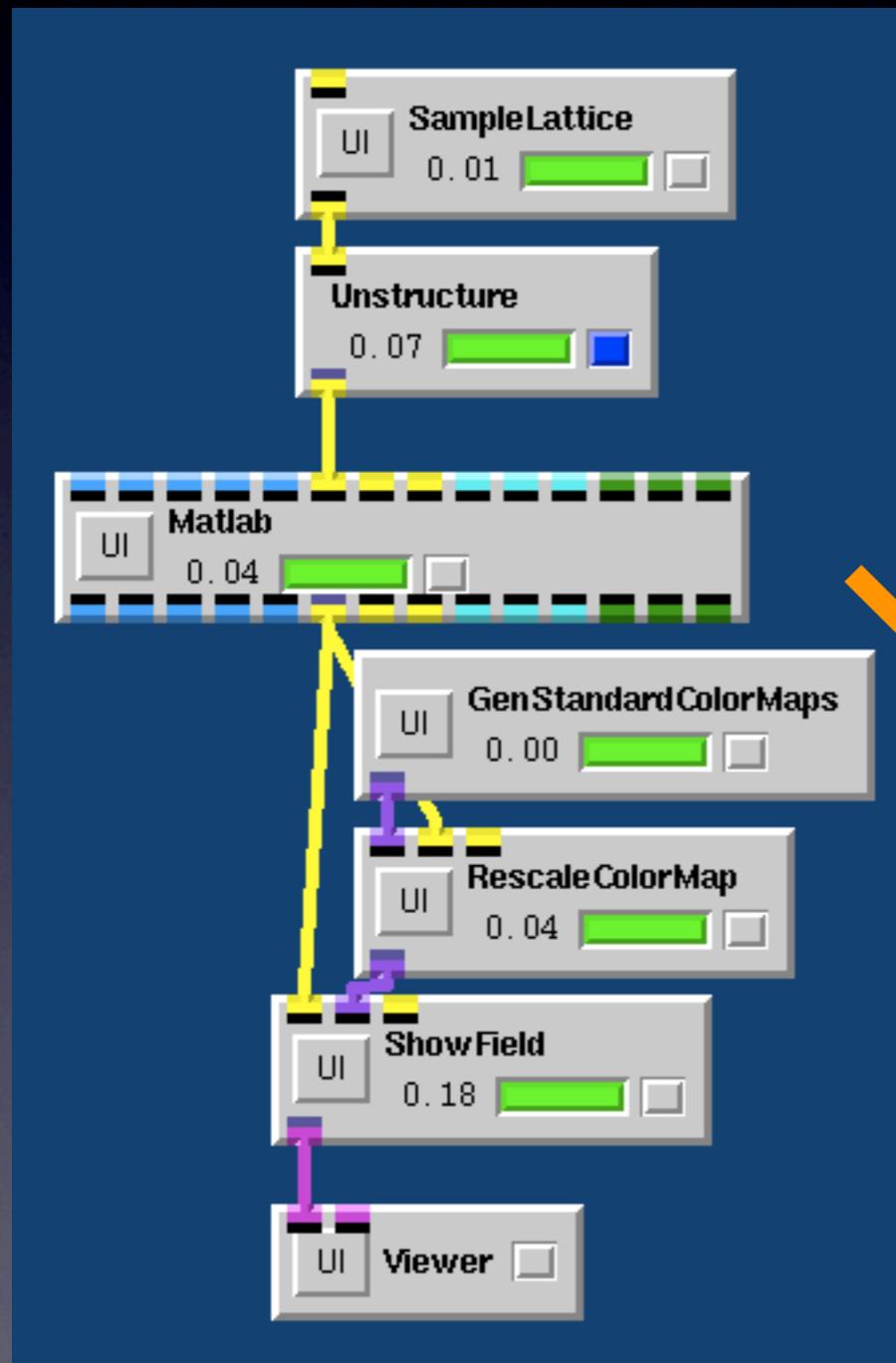
Matlab Commands

Enter Matlab code here

load save clear

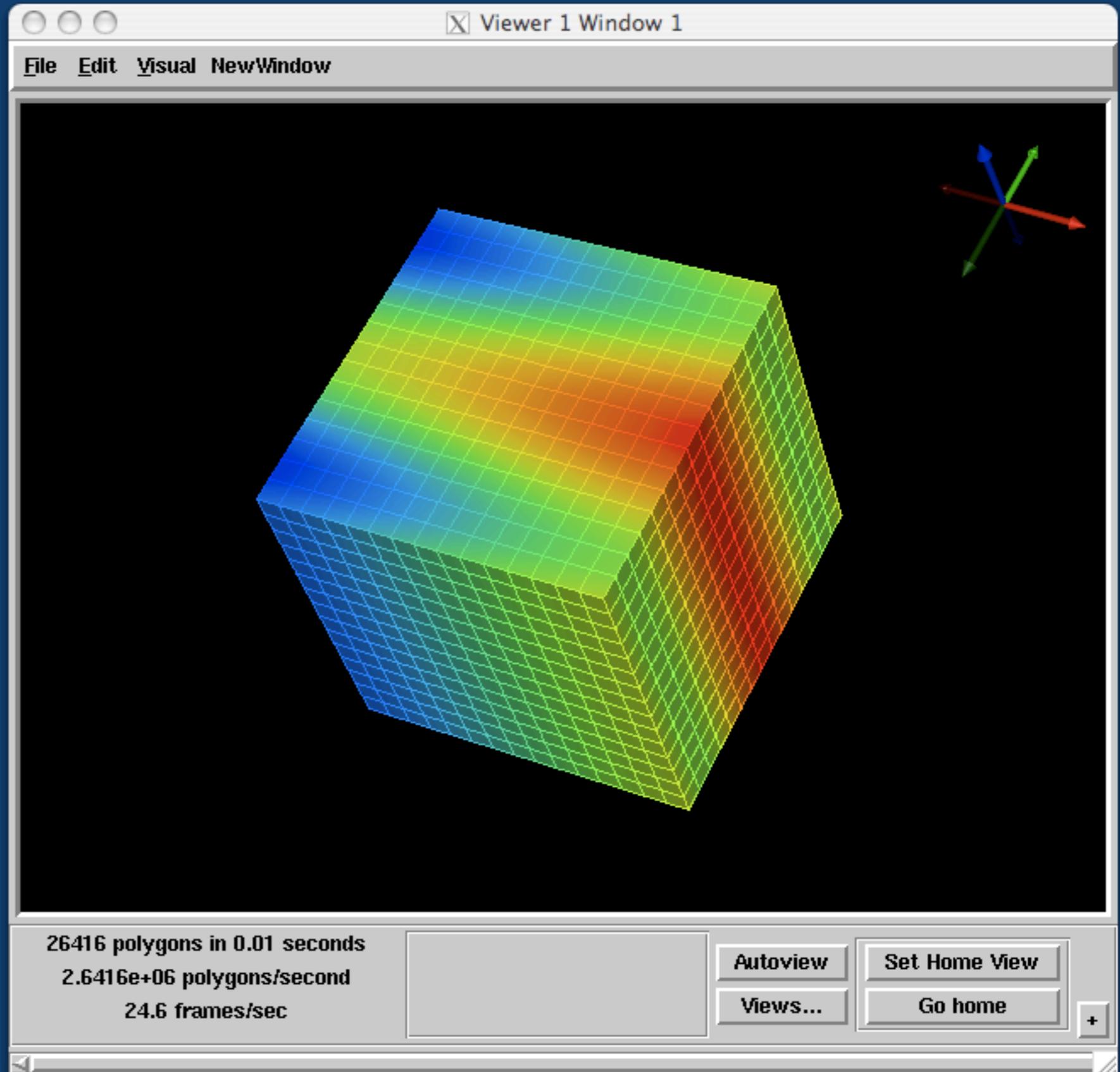
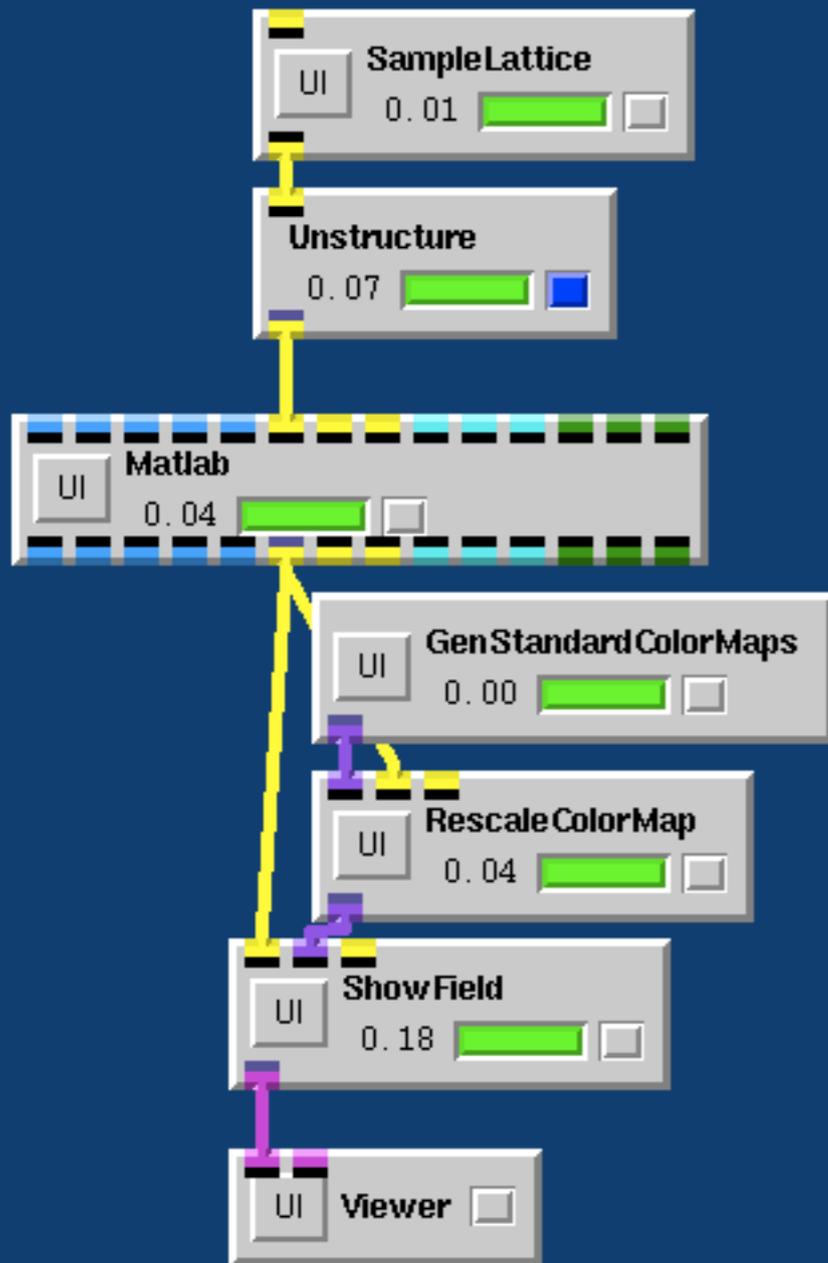
Please do not use the 'keyboard' instruction in the matlab code

Example interactive function in SCIRun



The screenshot shows the 'INPUT/OUTPUT' window in SCIRun, which is used for configuring and running MATLAB code. The window is divided into several sections:

- INPUT/OUTPUT**: A section with tabs for 'Matrices', 'Fields', 'Nrds', and 'Strings'. It contains two columns: 'INPUT FIELD MATRICES' and 'OUTPUT FIELD MATRICES'. Each column has three rows for 'field 1', 'field 2', and 'field 3'. The input field values are 'field1', 'field2', and 'field3'. The output field values are also 'field1', 'field2', and 'field3'. Each row has a dropdown menu set to 'struct array'.
- MATLAB ENGINE ADDRESS**: A section with fields for 'Address:', 'Port:', and 'Password:'. Below these fields is a button 'Edit Local Config of Matlab Engine' and a note: 'Note: leave the addressbar empty for a matlab engine on local machine'.
- MATLAB**: A section with tabs for 'Matlab Code', 'Matlab Engine Output', and 'Matlab Engine Status'. Below these tabs is a text area for 'Matlab Commands' containing the code: `field1.field = sin(field1.node(1,:)) + cos (field1.node(2, :)*4);`
- Buttons**: At the bottom, there are buttons for 'load', 'save', and 'clear'. Below these buttons is a warning: 'Please do not use the 'keyboard' instruction in the matlab code'.



Questions/Support?

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